

RANGELAND, ESTABLISHED GRASS PASTURES - SOUTHERN WILD ROSE - SPOT TREATMENT

General Information

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Performance of this product may be affected by local conditions, crop varieties, and application method. User should consult local Extension Service, Agricultural Experiment or University Weed Specialists, and state regulatory agencies for recommendations in his area.

Best results are obtained when product is applied to young succulent weeds that are actively growing. The lower specified rates will be satisfactory on susceptible annual weeds. For perennial weeds and conditions such as the very dry areas of the western states where control is difficult, use the higher specified rate.

When product is used for weed control in crops, the growth stage of the crop must be considered.

Some plants and weeds, especially woody varieties, are difficult to control and may require repeat applications if permitted by this label.

Apply 1 to 5 gallons of total spray by air or 5 to 25 gallons by ground equipment unless otherwise directed. In either case, use the listed amount of 2,4-D per acre.

For crop uses, do not mix with oil, surfactants, or other adjuvants unless specifically recommended. To do so may reduce herbicide's selectivity and could result in crop damage.

Many states have regulations concerning aerial application of 2,4-D formulations. Consult local regulatory authorities before making applications. This product contains dimethylamine salt of 2,4-D, one of the least volatile forms of 2,4-D.

Do not allow product to come into contact with desirable, susceptible plants such as beans, cotton, fruit trees, grapes, legumes, ornamentals, peas, tomatoes, and other vegetables. Excessive amounts of this product in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination and all plant growth. Do not use in greenhouses.

NOTE: Herbicide treatment of public water requires a permit from appropriate state agencies in most states. Your State Conservation Department or Game and Fish Commission will aid you in securing a permit in your state.

Spray equipment used to apply 2,4-D may not be used for any other purpose until thoroughly cleaned by a suitable chemical cleaner.

Spray Preparation: Add the specified amount of product to approximately 1/2 the volume of water to be used for spraying. Agitate well, then add the remainder of the water. Continue agitation during application until spray tank is empty.

Use in Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizer: Product may be combined with liquid nitrogen fertilizer suitable for foliar application on corn, grass, pastures, or small grains in one operation. Use product according to directions on this label for those crops. Use liquid nitrogen fertilizer at rates recommended by supplier or Extension Service Specialist. Mix the product and fertilizer according to the following instructions:

Fill the spray tank approximately 1/2 full with the liquid nitrogen fertilizer. In a separate clean container, mix the amount of product to be used with an equal amount of water. Add the product mixture to the spray tank while agitating. Add the remainder of the fertilizer while continuing to agitate. Apply immediately, maintaining agitation during application until tank is empty. **DO NOT APPLY DURING COLD (NEAR FREEZING) WEATHER.** Spray mixture must be used immediately and may not be stored.

Note: Pre-mixing the product with an equal amount of water is important.

Spot Treatments

To prevent misapplication, apply spot treatments with a calibrated boom or with hand sprayers using a fixed spray volume per 1,000 sq ft as indicated in the label.

Hand-Held Sprayers: Hand-held sprayers may be used for spot applications of 2,4-D AMINE 4. Apply the spray uniformly and at a rate equivalent to a broadcast application. Application rates in the table are based on the application rate for an

area of 1,000 sq ft. Mix the amount of 2,4-D AMINE 4 (fl oz or ml) corresponding to the desired broadcast rate in 1 to 3 gallons of spray. To calculate the amount of 2,4-D AMINE 4 required for larger areas, multiply the table value (fl oz or ml) by the thousands of sq ft to be treated. An area of 1000 sq ft is approximately 10.5 x 10.5 yards (strides) in size.

Band Application: 2,4-D AMINE 4 may be applied as a band treatment.

Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All aerial equipment and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

For aerial equipment, the boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. This requirement does not apply to forestry or rights-of-way applications.

When applications are made in a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

For ground boom application, do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

RANGELAND, ESTABLISHED GRASS PASTURES

(Including Perennial Grasslands Not In Agricultural Production Such As Conservation Reserve Program Acres)

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

Spot Treatment: Apply when foliage is well developed. Thorough coverage is required. Use 8 pints of 2,4-D AMINE 4 plus 4 to 8 fluid ounces of an agricultural surfactant per 100 gallons of water.

Two or more treatments may be required.

Do not exceed 2 2/3 pt per acre per applications.

RANGELAND, PASTURE & GRASS CUT FOR HAY PRECAUTIONS:

- Do not use on bentgrass, alfalfa, clover, or other legumes.
- Do not use on newly seeded areas until grass is well established.
- Do not use from early boot to milk stage where grass seed production is desired.

RANGELAND & PASTURE RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence:
- For susceptible annual and biennial broadleaf weeds: Use 1.0 lbs. a.e./acre per application.
- For moderately susceptible biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds: Use 1.0 to 2.0 lbs. a.e./acre per application.
- For difficult-to-control weeds and woody plants: Use 2.0 lbs. a.e./acre per application.

- Spot treatment: Use 2.0 lbs. a.e./acre.
- Livestock Feeding Restrictions:
 - Do not graze dairy animals on treated areas within 7 days after application.
 - Do not graze meat animals on treated areas within 3 days before slaughter.
 - Do not cut treated grass for hay within 7 days after application.
- For government program grasslands, follow program grazing restrictions if more restrictive than those given above.
- For program lands, such as Conservation Reserve Program, consult program rules to determine whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or the label must be followed.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints per acre per application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum spray interval between applications is 30 days.
- If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable.

2,4-D AMINE 4 contains 0.5 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

- CRP Acres For program lands such as CRP, consult program rules to determine whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or the label must be followed.

Method

[Spot treatment](#)

Rates

[field rates 0](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

48 hours

Timings

[When foliage is well developed.](#)