

## **NON-TURF AREAS - BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROL**

### General Information

This product is for use on Ornamental Turf Lawns (Residential, Industrial and Institutional), Parks, Cemeteries, Athletic and Sports Fields, Golf Courses (Fairways, Aprons, Tees and Roughs) and similar turf areas; also for use on Sod Farms and Non-Turf Areas (Roadsides and Rights-of-Way). Product should not be used in or near greenhouses.

### USE PRECAUTIONS

Avoid mist to vegetables, flowers, ornamentals, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants.

Do not spray on Carpetgrass, Dichondra nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Avoid fine mists. Except as noted, use only lawn-type sprayers. Coarse sprays are less likely to “wind-drift”. Do not spray roots of ornamentals and trees. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within the dripline of trees and other species. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established. Avoid broadcast applications when air temperature exceeds 90°F. When using small, spot treatment applications in temperature over 90°F, turf injury may occur.

When treating Carpetgrass and St. Augustine grass, avoid broadcast applications when air temperature exceeds 80°F. When air temperatures exceed 80°F, limit application to spot treatment only.

Avoid applying during excessively dry or hot periods unless irrigation is used. For optimum results: (1) turf should not be mowed for 1 to 2 days before and after application; (2) do not apply if rainfall is expected within 48 hours; nor should lawns be irrigated (watered) for 24 hours following application. Reseed no sooner than three to four weeks after application of this product. Failure to observe all precautions may result in injury to turf and/or susceptible plants.

This product can be mixed with some liquid fertilizers or liquid iron materials. Because liquid fertilizer and liquid iron differ in pH, free ammonia content, density, salt concentration and percentage of water, a compatibility test is recommended

prior to mixing in application equipment. All regulations, either State or Federal, relating to the application of liquid fertilizers or liquid iron and this product must be strictly followed.

## SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature and relative humidity) and method of ground application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

### Droplet Size

Use a medium or coarser spray nozzle according to (ASAE standard 572) definition of standard nozzles or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

### Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind.

### Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

### Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

### Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they

must be observed.

#### Equipment

All ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

#### Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

##### NON-TURF AREAS

Roadsides (including aprons and guardrails), rights-of-way, fencerows, hedgerows, utility power lines, railroads, airports and industrial sites: For control of broadleaf weeds, mix at a rate of 7 pints of this product per 43,560 square feet. Ensure adequate water to thoroughly saturate all weeds. This may require 50 to 300 gallons of water per 43,560 square feet. Apply any time between the time when plants come into full leaf (spring) to when the plants begin to go dormant. Best results are obtained when weeds are young and actively growing. Do not cut weeds until herbicide has translocated throughout the plant causing root death. For small broadleaf weeds, use the lower rate. Heavy, dense stands require the higher rate with high water volume. For small (spot) applications with small tank sprayers, apply at the rate of 4 fluid ounces of this product per gallon of water and spray to thoroughly wet all foliage.

Postemergence (annual and perennial weeds):

Limited to 2 applications per year. Maximum of 6.5 pints product (1.93 lbs ae 2,4-D/acre per application) Minimum of 30 days between applications.

Maximum Seasonal Application Rate to non-crop sites is 4 pounds 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application site.

#### Method

[Foliar spray](#)

#### Rates

[field rates 0](#)

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#### Restricted Entry Interval

48 hours

## Timings

When weeds are young and actively growing.

Anytime between the time when plants come into full leaf (spring) to when the plants begin to go dormant.