

## **ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURF - BAHIAGRASS, BLUEGRASS, ETC.**

### General Information

This product is for use on Ornamental Turf Lawns (Residential, Industrial and Institutional), Parks, Cemeteries, Athletic and Sports Fields, Golf Courses (Fairways, Aprons, Tees and Roughs) and similar turf areas; also for use on Sod Farms and Non-Turf Areas (Roadsides and Rights-of-Way). Product should not be used in or near greenhouses.

### USE PRECAUTIONS

Avoid mist to vegetables, flowers, ornamentals, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants.

Do not spray on Carpetgrass, Dichondra nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Avoid fine mists. Except as noted, use only lawn-type sprayers. Coarse sprays are less likely to “wind-drift”. Do not spray roots of ornamentals and trees. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within the dripline of trees and other species. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established. Avoid broadcast applications when air temperature exceeds 90°F. When using small, spot treatment applications in temperature over 90°F, turf injury may occur.

When treating Carpetgrass and St. Augustine grass, avoid broadcast applications when air temperature exceeds 80°F. When air temperatures exceed 80°F, limit application to spot treatment only.

Avoid applying during excessively dry or hot periods unless irrigation is used. For optimum results: (1) turf should not be mowed for 1 to 2 days before and after application; (2) do not apply if rainfall is expected within 48 hours; nor should lawns be irrigated (watered) for 24 hours following application. Reseed no sooner than three to four weeks after application of this product. Failure to observe all precautions may result in injury to turf and/or susceptible plants.

This product can be mixed with some liquid fertilizers or liquid iron materials. Because liquid fertilizer and liquid iron differ in pH, free ammonia content, density,

salt concentration and percentage of water, a compatibility test is recommended prior to mixing in application equipment. All regulations, either State or Federal, relating to the application of liquid fertilizers or liquid iron and this product must be strictly followed.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature and relative humidity) and method of ground application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

##### Droplet Size

Use a medium or coarser spray nozzle according to (ASAE standard 572) definition of standard nozzles or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

##### Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind.

##### Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

##### Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

##### Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding

application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

#### Equipment

All ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

#### Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

### ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURF

SPRAY VOLUME: 0.5 to 5 / 1000 sq ft, 5-220 gallons / acre

For Professional Lawn Maintenance - Higher water volumes may be used when tank-mixed with a turf fertilizer. Follow fertilizer labels for proper amounts to add.

Use reduced rates if grass is stressed from heat or drought. Exercise care when applying during growth stages from dormancy to green-up and from green-up to dormancy. Some temporary discoloration may occur on warm season grasses.

If Bermudagrass is dormant, up to 4 pints per acre may be used. However, some hybrid Bermuda grasses may be sensitive to this product. Contact your local extension service weed control specialist.

Note: Care should be taken to avoid overdosing Bentgrass, St. Augustinegrass, and Centipedegrass or injury may result. Large volumes of spray water (i.e. 0.67 fluid ounce in 3.3 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet) will aid in obtaining uniform coverage. If hand-type sprayers are used, it is preferable to use a single nozzle sprayer rather than a multiple nozzle boom as sideways application with a boom where the spray from more than one nozzle is allowed to fall on the same area will result in heavy local over-application and subsequent turf discoloration or injury.

Maximum single application rate is 5 pints product (1.49 lbs. 2,4-D ae) per acre. Maximum yearly application rate is 10 pints product (2.97 lbs 2,4-D ae) per acre. Limited to 2 applications per year. Minimum of 30 days between applications.

#### LOW VOLUME SPRAY APPLICATION

Controlled Droplet Applicators (CDA), Atomizers and Spinning Disk Applicators:

Cool season grasses: Apply 1.1 to 1.5 fl oz/1000 sq ft or 3-4 pints per acre. Use in sufficient water to assure coverage (1 to 4 gallons of water per acre is normal for this type of equipment). Do not overlap spray patterns.

Lower Volume Equipment: Apply 1.1 to 1.5 fl oz/1000 sq ft or 3 to 4.5 pints/acre. Use as little as 5 gallons of water per acre. Use only application equipment that is capable of spreading a uniform droplet, wetting each weed surface.

Method

[Broadcast](#)

Rates

[field\\_rates 0](#)

[field\\_rates 1](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

48 hours

Timings

[During growth stages from dormancy to green-up and from green-up to dormancy.](#)