# WHEAT, DURUM AND BARLEY, SPRING SEEDED - COARSE AND MEDIUM

General Information

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Triflurex HFP is a selective herbicide for the preemergence control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. Triflurex HFP may be applied in liquid sprays of water or liquid fertilizer, or impregnated on dry bulk fertilizer. To reduce loss of herbicidal activity, Triflurex HFP should be soil incorporated within 24 hours after application unless otherwise specified in specific use directions or supplemental labeling. Triflurex HFP may be tank mixed or followed by overlay or postemergence treatments with other herbicides to improve the spectrum of weeds controlled. Triflurex HFP controls weeds by disrupting growth processes during germination. Triflurex HFP does not control established weeds.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

## **GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS**

Applied according to directions and under normal growing conditions, Triflurex HFP will not harm the treated crop. Overapplication may result in crop injury or rotational crop damage from herbicide carryover. Uneven application or improper incorporation of Triflurex HFP can result in erratic weed control or crop injury. Seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, high salt concentration, or drought may weaken crop seedlings and increase the possibility of damage from Triflurex HFP. Under these conditions, delayed crop development or reduced yields may result.

Do not apply Triflurex HFP to soils that are wet or are subject to prolonged periods of flooding as poor weed control may result.

Do not use Triflurex HFP on any crop grown in Pecos County or Reeves County, Texas.

## **APPLICATION TIMING**

Spring Application: Apply and incorporate Triflurex HFP anytime after January 1 when soil can be worked and is in a condition which allows thorough mixing to ensure uniform incorporation. See APPROVED CROPS section for application timing recommendations for specific crops.

Fall Application: Fall application can be used for all crops for which Triflurex HFP is recommended as a preplant incorporated treatment. Refer to APPROVED CROPS section for any crop specific fall application instructions.

In California, Minnesota, Montana, North and South Dakota, apply and incorporate Triflurex HFP anytime between September 1 and December 31. In all other states, fall apply Triflurex HFP between October 15 and December 31.

Ground may be bedded-up over winter. On bedded ground, knock beds down to desired height before planting, moving some treated soil from beds into furrows. Where soil is left flat over winter, be careful not to turn up untreated soil during spring bedding operations. Destroy established weeds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during bedding, destroy these weeds before planting. Fall application of Triflurex HFP is not recommended on fields which remain wet or are subject to prolonged periods of flooding.

Preemergence Application Immediately After Planting:

Apply and incorporate Triflurex HFP immediately after planting and prior to crop germination. Adjust incorporation equipment so as to not disturb planted seed. Refer to the APPROVED CROPS section of the label for crop specific instructions.

Postemergence and Layby Application:

Apply and incorporate Triflurex HFP at the recommended rate to the established crop at or before the last cultivation. Required preharvest intervals for treatments with Triflurex HFP for certain crops are specified in the APPROVED CROPS section of the label. Crop cover may prevent uniform soil coverage from over-the-top sprays.

To avoid this problem, use drop nozzles or directed sprays to achieve uniform soil coverage.

# **INCORPORATION DIRECTIONS**

Soil Preparation and Incorporation: Ground cover or existing weeds can interfere with uniform soil incorporation of Triflurex HFP. A manageable level of ground cover will allow uniform incorporation into the top 2 to 3 inches of the final seedbed. Ground cover and crop residues, if excessive, should be reduced by appropriate soil tillage prior to application.

Triflurex HFP must be incorporated within 24 hours after application unless otherwise specified on supplemental labeling. Nonuniform application may result in erratic weed control and/or crop injury. With most equipment and methods of application, a second incorporation is required and may occur anytime before planting. The second incorporation should be in a different direction, and to avoid bringing untreated soil to the surface, should not be deeper than the first.

Note: Two-pass incorporation is required for all special use programs unless otherwise specified.

General Soil Conditions: The soil surface should be smooth enough to allow for uniform application and efficient incorporation of Triflurex HFP. Break up clods using tillage equipment prior to application of Triflurex HFP. Apply when soil moisture is sufficient to allow the break up of large clods and uniform mixing during the incorporation process. Soil compaction and/or nonuniform incorporation may occur if soil is excessively moist.

Incorporation in Bedded Culture: In bedded culture, Triflurex HFP should be incorporated to a depth of 2 to 3 inches of the final seedbed.

Application prior to bedding: Apply Triflurex HFP and incorporate one time with recommended equipment. The bedding operation serves as the second incorporation. Do not expose untreated soil during post bedding operations such as planting since removal of treated soil during planting can allow weed germination and establishment in the drill row.

Application after bedding: Knock off beds to planting height before applying Triflurex HFP and incorporate with recommended equipment that will conform to

the bed shape. Do not leave untreated soil exposed.

Cultivation after planting: Treated crops may be shallowly cultivated without reducing the weed control activity of Triflurex HFP. Limit depth of cultivation to the zone of treated soil to avoid moving untreated soil to the surface. Exposure of untreated soil may cause loss of weed control.

Refer the specified label of Soil Texture for application.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

SMALL GRAINS - BARLEY, DURUM, AND WHEAT

Special Precautions for Use of Triflurex HFP on Small Grains

Carefully follow directions for use of Triflurex HFP on small grains to minimize potential crop stress. Under certain conditions, delayed crop emergence and or stand reduction may occur when Triflurex HFP is applied to barley, durum, or wheat. The combined effect of certain cultural practices and unfavorable soil or environmental conditions may cause excessive crop seedling stress resulting in retarded crop growth, stand reduction, and possibly reduced yield.

For best results, observe the following cultural practices or precautions: Use tillage methods that provide a uniformly firm seedbed and time tillage operations to conserve moisture.

Irrigate prior to planting or after germination and emergence. Moisture received between planting and emergence may cause crusting especially on loose seedbeds.

Do not exceed recommended application rates for Triflurex HFP. This is particularly important on coarse textured or low organic matter soils.

Carefully follow incorporation directions. When applying preplant incorporated treatments, operate equipment at recommended depth and speed to place Triflurex HFP into the upper 1 to 1 1/2 inches of soil. If applied after planting, set equipment so as to not disturb planted seed.

Set drills to place seed at the depth specified in use directions. A planting depth greater than 2 1/2 inches for spring wheat or durum will result in increased seedling stress and decreased emergence.

Use only high quality seed where Triflurex HFP is to be applied (avoid use of small seed with low starch reserves).

If seed treatments are used, apply at the correct rate and uniformly across all seeds. Misapplication may result in reduced germination and/or seedling vigor. Avoid use of seed varieties known to have poor seedling (emergence) vigor.

Soil characteristics and environmental conditions which may contribute to crop seedling stress that may be accentuated by use of Triflurex HFP include:

Soil related: High salinity, eroded knolls/hilltops, loose dry soils, and compaction.

Weather related: Cold and/or wet soils, excessively hot soils, excessive moisture, drought, and soil crusting from heavy rainfall.

Note: Do not apply Triflurex HFP on small grains where a dinitroaniline herbicide such as Triflurex HFP or Sonalan\* herbicide was applied at a rate greater than 0.5 lb. a.i. per acre the previous growing season.

Wheat, Durum, and Barley, Spring Seeded – Fall Applied Preplant Soil Incorporated for Foxtail (Pigeongrass) Control (For Use in Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota)

Apply Triflurex HFP in the fall for foxtail (pigeongrass) control during the following growing season. Incorporate 1 time within 24 hours. Incorporate a second time before planting to destroy existing weeds and insure a uniform distribution of Triflurex HFP in treated soil. Triflurex HFP may be applied to ground that has a manageable level of crop residue or has been fallowed or pre-tilled.

Incorporation: Recommended incorporation tools include the chisel plow (first incorporation pass only), tandem disc, and field cultivator. Refer to INCORPORATION EQUIPMENT in GENERAL INFORMATION section of the label for details on operation of incorporation equipment.

# Planting Directions

Set equipment to place seed approximately 1 1/2 inches deep.

## **Precautions**

- Carefully read and follow SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF TRIFLUREX HFP IN SMALL GRAINS before application of Triflurex HFP.
- While use of this control practice may result in a stand reduction, slight stand reductions do not normally affect yield.

## Method

Broadcast/Foliar Air Broadcast/Foliar Ground Soil incorporation Broadcast/Foliar Air Broadcast/Foliar Ground Soil incorporation Rates

field rates 0

Restricted Entry Interval

## 12 hours

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

## Soils

Coarse

Loamy Sand

Sandy Loam

Medium

Loam

Silt Loam

Silt

Silty Clay Loam

Sandy Clay Loam
Sand
Timings
Preplant Incorporated
fall