

ST. AUGUSTINE GRASS, CENTIPEDEGRASS AND DORMANT BERMUDAGRASS

General Information

USE INFORMATION

ATRA-5 Herbicide will control most annual Broadleaf and Grass weeds in Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and certain other crops as specified on the label. This product may be applied before or after weeds emerge.

In each case where a range of rates is given, the lower rate should be used on Coarse textured soil and soil low in organic matter and the higher rate should be used on Fine textured soil and soil high in organic matter.

Since this product acts mainly through root absorption, its effectiveness depends on rainfall or irrigation to move it into the root zone. Should weeds develop, a shallow cultivation or rotary hoeing will generally result in better weed control.

This product is non-corrosive to equipment and metal surfaces, nonflammable and has low electrical conductivity. Care should be taken to avoid using this product near adjacent desirable plants or in greenhouses, or injury may occur.

To avoid spray drift, do not apply under windy conditions. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may result.

Note: The Seller does not recommend the use of this product in combination with other herbicides or oils except as specifically described on the label or in literature published by the Seller.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW ALL USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ON THE LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

This product is a Group 5 Herbicide.

Following many years of continuous use of this product and chemically related products, biotypes of some of the weeds listed on the label have been reported

which cannot be effectively controlled by this and related herbicides. Where this is known or suspected and weeds controlled by this product are expected to be present along with resistant biotypes, use this product in combinations or in sequence with other registered herbicides which are not triazines. If only resistant biotypes are expected to be present, use a registered non-triazine herbicide. Consult with your State Agricultural Extension Service for specific recommendations.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

GROUND APPLICATION: Use conventional ground sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are uniformly spaced and are the same size. Calibrate sprayer before use and recalibrate at the start of each season and when changing carriers. Unless otherwise specified, use a minimum of 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre for all pre-plant incorporated, preplant surface, pre-emergence and post-emergence applications (with or without oil or surfactant) with ground equipment. Use a pump with capacity to:

1. Maintain 35 to 40 psi at nozzles.
2. Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension.
3. Provide a minimum of 20% bypass at all times.

Use centrifugal pumps which provide propeller shear action for dispersing and mixing this product. The pump should provide a minimum of 10 gallons per minute per 100 gallon tank size circulated through a correctly positioned sparger tube or jets.

Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.

Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16-mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom and where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Use aerial application only where broadcast applications are specified. Apply in a minimum of 1 quart of water for each quart of this product applied per acre. For post-emergence treatments on Corn and Sorghum, apply the rate in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. Avoid applications under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray

drift may occur.

Avoid application to humans or animals. Flagmen and loaders should avoid inhalation of spray mist and prolonged contact with skin.

THIS PRODUCT IN WATER OR LIQUID FERTILIZER APPLICATIONS

Nitrogen solutions or complete liquid fertilizers may replace all or part of the water as a carrier for pre-emergence and pre-plant applications of this product on Corn and Sorghum. Check the compatibility of this product with liquid fertilizer and/or nitrogen solution as shown below before use. Do not apply in nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer after Corn or Sorghum emerges, or crop injury may occur.

Refer in the label for tank mix information.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

ST. AUGUSTINE GRASS, CENTIPEDEGRASS AND DORMANT BERMUDAGRASS

This product controls Annual bluegrass, Florida betony, Spurweed and many other problem weeds in home lawn, ornamental and recreational turf and other non-crop areas such as highway right-of-ways and similar areas. This product may be applied with any pump-up or compressed air type sprayer or with a hose-on type sprayer. This product will control BOTH emerged weeds and weeds from seeds. Rain or watering within 2 to 3 days of application may decrease the effectiveness on emerged weeds. However, for control of weeds from seeds, rainfall or watering is necessary within 7 to 10 days after treatment. For weed control in Rights-of-way, do not apply more than 1 lb.a.i. (1.6 pints of this product) per acre per year. Do not apply more than once per year.

TIMING OF APPLICATION

The timing of applications to achieve maximum control may vary quite a bit with different weed species. The following application times are suggested for certain problem weeds.

Spurweed: Best control of Spurweed can be obtained by applying this product when Spurweed has emerged (December and January).

Florida betony: This weed emerges in the Fall, so an application of this product in

mid-to-late October followed with a second application in mid-to-late February would give best control.

Dichondra, Moneywort: Best control of these weeds can be obtained by applying this product in early April followed with a second application in July. Do not apply to growing Bermudagrass. Applications for Spurweed or Florida betony generally will give control or suppression of the other weeds listed. However, as a general rule, this product will give the best control when applied to young tender weeds or just prior to weed emergence.

Use Precautions and Restrictions: Do not apply within the active root zone of vegetables or desirable ornamental plants such as Azaleas, Boxwoods, Camellias, etc. However, treatments using this product should not normally cause injury to medium or large shrubs or trees in the landscape. Do not plant any crop (flower or vegetable gardens) to treated areas for 18 months or injury may result. For weed control in Rights-of-way, do not apply more than 1.6 pints of this product per acre per year. Do not apply more than once per year.

ST. AUGUSTINE GRASS AND CENTIPEDEGRASSES

This product may be applied to established St. Augustine grass and Centipedegrasses during both the dormant and the growing season. Best results are usually obtained in the early Spring or dormant periods when weeds are small or have not emerged. Follow rates below, except for residential uses for which the maximum application is 0.5 fl. oz. of this product (1 lb atrazine per acre) per 1,000 sq. ft.

DORMANT BERMUDAGRASS

This product may be applied to Bermudagrass during the dormant season only. Applications to Bermudagrass during the growing season will cause injury. Follow rates below, except for residential uses for which the maximum application rate is 0.5 fl. oz. of this product (1 lb. atrazine per acre) per 1,000 sq. ft.

Method

[Broadcast/Foliar Air](#)

[Broadcast/Foliar Ground](#)

Rates

[field rates 0](#)

[field rates 1](#)

[field rates 2](#)

[field rates 3](#)

[field rates 4](#)

[field rates 5](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

12 hours

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the WPS, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

Timings

[Dormant and growing season](#)