

TANK CLEANER

General Information

Directions For Use

☐ Fill spray tank to half capacity with water.

- Engage agitation.
- Slowly add 1 pound (453.59 grams) of Neutralize for every 100 gallons (378.54 liters) of water added to the tank.
- Agitate throughout tank for approximately 15 minutes.
- Rinse all internal areas of the tank, then empty the tank by the boom, and other outlets to ensure all are clean.
- Close valves and refill tank with clean water. Empty water through all outlets and boom to ensure no residue remains.
- Test the second rinse solution (See Method One or Two under testing) to ensure no pesticide residue remains. If pesticide residue remains in the solution, repeat the cleaning process.
- Exact rates should be determined by the user as rates will vary depending on the type, size, and condition of the spray tank.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

BACKPACK USE:

Add ½ ounce (14.17 grams) of Neutralize to a 3 gallon (11.36 liter) backpack. Fill sprayer with water and shake. Empty the rinsate through the hand wand. Be sure all pesticide is removed prior to reusing.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Rubber parts, such as hoses, pump packing, etc., may retain pesticide residues. Exterior areas of spray tanks may be cleaned with Neutralize.

Neutralize can prevent corrosion and dissolution of metals. All rinsate must be properly handled since it may contain pesticide residue.

RINSATE TESTING

Certain pesticides, including but not limited to 2,4-Ds and Sulfonylureas, are difficult

to remove from the tank. Pesticides are extremely active at very low rates and must be completely removed from the tank to prevent crop damage. Do not apply Neutralize or rinsate directly to crops. Rinsate levels may be tested by several different methods; two are suggested below:

Method One: Retain a sample of the rinsate solution. Apply sample to sensitive plants such as an ornamental flower, tomato, or cotton. Observe treated plant for 48 hours or longer, and do not use tank during the test period. If plant damage occurs, re-clean the tank until the rinsate is pesticide-free.

Method Two: Retain a sample of rinsate solution and submit to a qualified testing laboratory for analysis. Operators of multiple chemical use equipment and growers of high value or sensitive crops may wish to use all available testing methods to prevent accidental contamination and crop damage.

Method

[Spray](#)

Timings

[N.A.](#)