

FOR WINTER PROTECTION

General Information

WILT STOP is natural nontoxic product derived from the resin of pine trees.

WILT STOP forms a soft, clear, flexible film on treated plants. This film protects plants from drying out, drought, wind burn, sun scald, winter kill, transplant shock, salt damage, while at the same time allowing them to grow naturally.

For use on: evergreens, trees, shrubs, turf, flowers, vegetables, bulbs, houseplants, transplants, and dormant and growing plants.

Excessive moisture loss from plants causes severe wilting, shock or plant death. It occurs in winter when drying winds and frozen ground deprive plants of their natural moisture intake, when plant roots are disturbed during transplanting, during periods of drought, or when Christmas trees and greens are cut. WILT STOP forms a protective coating which holds moisture in on plant foliage reducing water loss during plant stress. WILT STOP forms a clear flexible film without interfering with plant growth. Only one application per season is typically needed.

WILT STOP can be used on deciduous trees, evergreens, shrubs, turf, roses, flowering plants, vegetables, fruits, transplants, cut plants, indoor plants, Christmas trees, and others.

INSTRUCTIONS

SPRAY TOPS AND BOTTOMS OF LEAVES, NEEDLES AND STEMS TO RUN-OFF.
ALWAYS ALLOW WILT STOP TO DRY OUTDOORS IN DAYLIGHT, WASH SPRAYER WITH WARM WATER AND DETERGENT AFTER EACH USE.

TIPS AND PRECAUTIONS

Keep out of reach of children.

Store and transport in a sealed and upright position.

Never spray or dip the roots of balled or bare root plants.

Freezing does not harm WILT STOP. Simply shake well prior to use.

Do not mix WILT STOP with any other compound. Apply only per label instructions.

Always soak or water transplants thoroughly prior to applying WILT STOP.

Avoid overspray. Fine finishes can be stained. Wash surfaces sprayed in error with warm soapy water. Dried film can be dissolved with kerosene.

Do not use on African violets or exotic, slow growing dwarf plants.

WILT STOP may turn blue spruce and similar species of evergreen a green color. If this occurs, natural coloring will return with the next season's growth.

Before using WILT STOP on large numbers of plants, test it under your conditions on just a few plants first.

Do not use WILT STOP on any variety of arborvitae, cedar, cypress, chamaecyparis, juniper, sequoia, dwarf conifer or similar plant species without testing first.

Thorough coverage is important. Apply WILT STOP at least 1 hour prior to rainfall.

Sunlight is needed for the protective film to properly set.

Do not use for winter protection where temperatures drop below - 30° centigrade.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

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Spray in the late fall when temperature is above freezing so that spray will not freeze on foliage. When spraying on arborvitae, cypress, juniper, and cedar, be aware that if species have not sufficiently hardened off for the winter whereby moisture retreats to the root system, moisture in plant cells could freeze and burst if early severe freezing weather should occur.

Method

[Spray](#)

Timings

[In the late fall when temperature is above freezing so that spray will not freeze on foliage.](#)