

PASTURE AND RANGELAND - ESTABLISHED PERENNIAL GRASS STANDS - FOR DIFFICULT TO CONTROL WEEDS AND WOODY PLANTS

General Information

USE INSTRUCTIONS

Hi-Dep Broadleaf Herbicide consists of the dimethylamine and diethanolamine salts of 2,4-D especially formulated for low volume applications with aerial and ground equipment. This product must be applied in compliance with the pesticide regulations of the state in which application is made. Check with local authorities regarding regulations which may affect the application of this product.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Use spray volumes equal to or greater than 2 gallon per acre. This minimum spray volume is a requirement of the 2,4-D Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED). Spray volume at this minimum provide more effective weed control and better economy.

AIRCRAFT SPECIFICATIONS (FIXED WING OR ROTARY WING): Number of nozzles required to obtain desired volume per acre is dependent on swath width and speed of aircraft. Nozzles should be positioned between 135° and 175° from direction of flight for fixed wing. **DO NOT APPLY THROUGH BECO-MIST NOZZLE SYSTEMS.** See manufacturer's technical bulletin regarding nozzles and application specifications.

GROUND APPLICATION: Apply in water, 2 to 10 gallons total solution per acre with conventional equipment. Low spray volumes (2 to 5 gallons per acre) may provide more effective weed control and better economy.

PRECAUTION FOR PAINTS AND COATINGS OF AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES: Undiluted spray droplets may damage the paint, coating, or finish of vehicles. Vehicles should not be sprayed. If accidental exposure does occur, then the vehicle should be washed before the spray droplets dry.

Susceptible Plants. Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans

(vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements. Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment. All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional requirements for ground boom application. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Additional requirements for aerial applications. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. This requirement does not apply to forestry or rights-of-way applications. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

PASTURE AND RANGELAND

Pasture and Rangeland such as established grass pastures, rangeland, and perennial grasslands not in agricultural production. Hi-Dep may be applied postemergence to newly seeded and established grasses grown in pastures, rangelands and Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres.

ESTABLISHED PERENNIAL GRASS STANDS: Established grass stands are defined as perennial grasses that have been planted one or more seasons before the application of this product. Treatments of Hi-Dep may injure or kill legumes including alfalfa, clovers, lespedezas, sweet clover, trefoils and vetches. Also, treatments of this product may be injurious and may reduce the seedling growth of buffalograss, bentgrass, kleingrass, sideoats grama, and switchgrass.

When to Apply: Spring or fall during bud to bloom stage. A second application may

be required.

Spray Volumes: Use a minimum spray volume of 2.0 gallons per acre for ground and aerial applications.

Recommended Spray Volume: 2 to 10 gal/A

Maximum Rate per Application: 2.0 lb 2,4-D ae/A

ae = Acid Equivalent. Do not exceed the maximum seasonal rate of 1 gallon (4.0 lb 2,4-D ae) per acre per season. Do not apply within 30 days of the previous application. Do not cut forage for hay within 7 days of application. If grass is to be cut for hay, the Agricultural Use Requirements for the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) are applicable. For program lands such as the Conservation Reserve Program, consult program rules to determine whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or this labeling must be followed.

Minimum Interval Between Applications: 30 Days

Minimum Spray Volume: 2 gal/A

Method

[Broadcast/Foliar Air](#)

[Broadcast/Foliar Ground](#)

[Broadcast/Foliar Air](#)

[Broadcast/Foliar Ground](#)

Pre-Harvest Interval

7 days

Rates

[field_rates 0](#)

[field_rates 1](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

48 hours

Timings

Postemergence (Crop)

Spring or fall during bud to bloom stage.