

PARTIAL LAKES OR RESERVOIRS TREATMENTS - PARTIALLY CONTROLLED - TREATMENT AREAS WITHIN 1/4 MILE FROM A FUNCTIONING POTABLE WATER INTAKE

General Information

PRODUCT INFORMATION

The product is a selective translocated aquatic herbicide. Applied to freshwater ponds, lakes, reservoirs, drainage canals and irrigation canals, the product helps manage undesirable aquatic weeds. Susceptible aquatic vascular plants absorb the product through the shoots and roots. For effective control, contact of the product with the target plants must be maintained for at least 45 days. Effective control is reduced if conditions exist that dilute the concentration of the product in the water. The mode of action of this product involves inhibition of carotene synthesis in the target weeds. Lack of carotene in plants causes the chlorophyll to break down when the plants are exposed to sunlight. New shoot growth on target weeds begins to turn chlorotic (white) or pink in color within 7 to 10 days of exposure to this product. Ideally, 30 to 90 days of continuous exposure to this product will provide optimum control of target weeds.

Some plant species may not be controlled by this product under all conditions. Factors affecting herbicide performance include growth stage of the target weed, the time of year when this product is applied, and dilution or movement of treated water. Optimum results are achieved when this product is applied before weeds begin to actively grow. For mature plants, the higher application rates will be required and effects due to treatment will take longer to observe.

A suitable analysis of the water to determine the concentration of this product is highly recommended. The most common method of water analysis for measuring fluridone concentrations which is recommended is the Enzyme-Linked Immunoassay (ELISA Test). Contact Applied Biochemists for information on this test when using this product in treatment programs. Application rates are shown in fluid ounces or quarts of this product to achieve a desired concentration of the active ingredient in parts per billion by weight (ppbw).

PRECAUTIONS

- Hydroponic Farming: Do not use this product treated water for hydroponic farming.
- Greenhouse and Nursery Plants: Do not use water which has been treated with this product to irrigate greenhouse or nursery plants unless chemical assays of the water indicate fluridone residues are less than one parts per billion (ppb).
- Maximum Use Rates: Do not apply more than a total of 90 ppb in ponds and 150 ppb in lakes and reservoirs per annual growth cycle. These maximum concentrations are the amounts of fluridone calculated as the target application rate, NOT the concentration determined by analysis of fluridone in the treated water.
- Waiting Periods: If application rates are 150 ppb or less, treated water may be used immediately with no waiting period for drinking (potable) water (including watering livestock and pets), fishing or swimming. See specific restrictions below for Potable Water Intakes and Irrigation.
- Potable Water Intakes: In lakes and reservoirs or other sources of potable water, DO NOT APPLY this product at application rates greater than 20 ppb within 1/4 mile (1320 feet) of any functioning potable water intake. If rates are between 6 and 20 ppb, this product MAY BE APPLIED where functioning potable water intakes are present.

Note: Existing potable water intakes which are no longer in use, such as those replaced by potable water wells or connections to a municipal water system, are not considered to be functioning potable water.

- Irrigation using water treated with this product may injure the irrigated vegetation.

Instruct those who use treated water to follow the recommended waiting periods listed in the table on the label and to assay the water for fluridone residues. For crops grown on low organic and sandy soils and irrigated with treated water, the potential for crop injury is greater than for crops grown on heavier soils. If a shorter waiting period is desired for irrigation of crops using treated water, use a suitable analysis (ELISA or other methods) to measure the concentration of fluridone in the treated water. If the concentration of fluridone is less than 10 ppb, established tree crops, established row crops or turf can be irrigated with treated water. If the concentrations of fluridone are greater than 5 ppb, tobacco, tomatoes, peppers or

other plants within the Solanaceae Family and newly seeded crops or newly seeded grasses such as overseeded golf course greens should NOT be irrigated with treated water.

Ponds: For this product labeling purposes, a pond is defined as a body of water 10 acres or less in size.

Lakes or Reservoirs: For this product labeling purposes, a lake or reservoir is defined as greater than 10 acres in size. When only one-half or more of the lake or reservoir is treated, follow the Pond and Static Canal precautions.

AQUATIC PLANT INFORMATION

Depending on the use rate, water movement, application timing, weed growth stage and application method, this product will control, partially control, or will not control certain aquatic plant species.

The tables in the label categorize the species when this product is applied under ideal application conditions at higher to maximum label rates. When lower rates are used, certain species in the controlled or partially controlled categories will show increased tolerance to this product.

Aquatic plants not listed may also be controlled, partially controlled, or be tolerant to this product. Before applying this product, identify the aquatic plants to determine their susceptibility to this product.

The following Vascular Aquatic Plants are Not Controlled by This Product:

Waterlettuce (*Pistia stratiotes*), American frogbit (*Limnobium spongia*), arrowhead (*Sagittaria* spp.), Bacopa (*Bacopa* spp.), Big floatingheart, banana lily (*Nymphoides aquatica*), Bulrush (*Scirpus* spp.), Floating waterhyacinth (*Eichhornia crassipes*), pickerelweed, lanceleaf (*Pontederia* spp.), Maidencane (*Panicum hemitomon*).

Note: This product does not control algae (*Chara*, *Nitella*, and single-cellular, colonial and filamentous species).

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION – LAKES AND RESERVOIRS

The product may be used for treatment of both whole lakes and reservoirs and

partial areas of lakes or reservoirs (bays and coves). Target weeds in partial lake and reservoir treatments which are at least 5 acres in size are more effectively treated with the product than smaller size areas. Smaller treatment areas (less than 5 acres) or narrowstrips such as boat trails or shorelines may not produce satisfactory results as the product may be diluted with untreated water. Due to a number of environmental factors, rate ranges are provided. Select the rates and application methods based on the specific goals of the aquatic plant management program at each different site.

Partial Lake or Reservoir Treatments: If the chance of dilution of the product with untreated water is expected in partial lake or reservoir treatments, using split or multiple applications may extend the herbicide contact time with the target weeds. Use higher application rates and more frequent applications if the likelihood of untreated water diluting the product concentration in the treatment area is anticipated. Refer to the table in the label for additional application instructions and for use rates. For additional application rate calculations, refer to the section How To Calculate Application Rates at the end of the label.

Treatment Areas Within 1/4 Mile from a Functioning Potable Water Intake:

One may apply a concentration of greater than 20 ppb if the application is made at least 1/4 mile or more from the functioning potable water intake. Application rates of less than 20 ppb may be made with 1/4 mile of the potable water intake but use ELISA or other methods to verify that the fluridone concentration do not exceed 150 ppb at the potable water intake.

Method

[Spray](#)

Rates

[field_rates 0](#)

•

Timings

[N.A.](#)