

HOUSEFLIES, GNATS, CERTAIN OTHER NUISANCE INSECTS AND SUPPRESSION OF BLACKFLIES

General Information

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

For application by, or under the supervision of, personnel certified/trained in public health pest control or mosquito control. For each application, a record must be kept of:

- Date, time and areas where application occurred
- Type and size of spray nozzle used
- Dilution and application rate
- Speed of application vehicle (whether air or ground)
- A description of insecticide delivery system used for the specific application
- Climate factors (e.g., ambient temperature, wind speed/direction) as determined using a reliable means
- Employees involved in mixing, loading and applying DIBROM Concentrate

These records must be kept by the responsible public agency or their designee for a minimum of two years using storage methods that will allow the records to be easily retrieved.

Any system used to apply this product must be capable of providing the correct droplet size as specified below. Likewise, all applications must use the correct droplet size as specified below. Careful attention to directions concerning nozzles, nozzle positioning, air speed and droplet size is essential to avoid unwanted effects. Under-atomization produces large droplets that will quickly fall to the ground, while over-atomization produces finer droplets which either evaporate, dissipate, or drift in an unanticipated manner. Correct droplet size is critical to ensure effective mosquito control.

The entire spray system must be inspected before each operation to correct any leaks or obstructions, to detect whether the nozzle, hoses, or other parts are worn and need replacement, to ensure that the flow is properly calibrated and to determine that adequate pressure is being maintained. Adequate cleaning and

maintenance of unit must be performed to ensure that the entire system is operating properly. Spray system components essential for correct droplet size must be cleaned or replaced as needed to ensure correct droplet size.

Spray during periods when ground level wind speed is equal to or greater than 1 mph. Apply when thermal activity is low. Do not apply when ambient temperature is less than 50°F.

Do not apply when it is raining in the treatment area.

Treatment of a site must be based on pest surveillance results. Do not treat any site more than 1 time per day. Do not treat any site with more than 2 fl. oz. of undiluted DIBROM Concentrate per acre within a 7 day period and the amount of undiluted DIBROM Concentrate applied to any site should not exceed 104 fl. oz. (10.73 pounds per acre of naled a.i./acre) per year. More frequent treatments may be made to prevent or control a threat to public and/or animal health determined by a state, tribal or local health or vector control agency on the basis of documented evidence of disease causing agents in vector mosquitoes or the occurrence of mosquito-borne disease in animal or human populations, or if specifically approved by the state or tribe during a natural disaster recovery effort.

Ground-Based Application:

Spray equipment must be adjusted so that the volume median diameter (VMD) is less than 40 microns ($Dv\ 0.5 < 40\ \mu m$) and that 90% of the spray is contained in droplets smaller than 75 microns ($Dv\ 0.9 < 75\ \mu m$). Directions from the equipment manufacturer or vendor, pesticide registrant, or a test facility using a laser-based measurement instrument must be used to adjust equipment to produce acceptable droplet size spectra. Application equipment must be tested at least annually to confirm that pressure at the nozzle and nozzle flow rate(s) are properly calibrated.

Aerial Application:

Spray equipment must be adjusted so that the volume median diameter produced is less than 60 microns ($Dv\ 0.5 < 60\ \mu m$) and that 90% of the spray is contained in droplets smaller than 115 microns ($Dv\ 0.9 < 115\ \mu m$). The effects of flight speed and, for non-rotary nozzles, nozzle angle on the droplet size spectrum must be considered. Directions from the equipment manufacturer or vendor, pesticide registrant, or a test facility using a wind tunnel and laser-based measurement instrument must be used to adjust equipment to produce acceptable droplet size

spectra. Application equipment must be tested at least annually to confirm that pressure at the nozzle and nozzle flow rate(s) are properly calibrated.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

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Small Flying Moths, Flies (including but not limited to Crane Flies, Adult Stable Flies, Dog Flies, Biting Flies, Filth Flies), Midges in Residential Areas, Municipalities, Tidal Marshes, Swamps, Woodlands, and Agricultural Areas (when applied in wide-area public pest control programs sponsored by governmental entities): It is not necessary to avoid farm buildings, dairy barns, and feed or forage areas.

Method

[Broadcast/Foliar Ground](#)

Rates

[field_rates 0](#)

[field_rates 1](#)

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Timings

[N. A.](#)