

CITRUS (GRAPEFRUIT, LEMONS, ETC.) - WHITEFLY

General Information

APPLICATIONS

This spray oil is a straight-cut narrow boiling range petroleum oil designed specifically for use on deciduous fruit trees.

Apply so as to give total coverage to all parts of tree. Thorough drenching of trunks, limbs, twigs and leaves is essential for maximum insect control.

This product may be used as a carrier for appropriate insecticides and fungicides which are registered for use on deciduous fruits and nuts and which can be applied to give a uniform spray. Consult your local Agricultural Extension Service.

GROUND APPLICATIONS

Release Height: Apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

Wind Speed: Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph at the application site.

Droplet Size: Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASABE standard 572), and the minimum volume diameter (VMD) for spinning atomizer nozzles.

AIRBLAST APPLICATIONS

For airblast applications, turn off outward-pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer row. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

AERIAL APPLICATIONS

Release Height: For aerial applications of agricultural products, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground, top of crops, or above the orchard canopy.

Boom Length: The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of

the rotor blade diameter.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Leave at least one swath unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

Wind Speed: Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph at the application site.

Droplet Size: Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASABE standard 572), and the minimum volume diameter (VMD) for spinning atomizer nozzles.

LIMITATIONS ON APPLICATIONS TO CITRUS CROPS: Maximum of 159 pounds active ingredient per acre (maximum 1500 gallons of spray mix per acre) in Florida, and 212 pounds active ingredient per acre (maximum 2000 gallons of spray mix per acre) in California (based on Thorough Coverage Spray, with 1.5 gallons of product mixed in 100 gallons of water).

DO NOT COMBINE WITH SULFUR SPRAYS AND DO NOT APPLY spray oil within 30 days before or after an application of sulfur except in the Northwest (Oregon and Washington) where it may be used in combination on Pears as a Post Harvest (after all fruit is off the tree), Dormant and Delayed Dormant (before the scales slip, or at or prior to bud swell) treatment and on Apples prior to or up to the Delayed Dormant ($\frac{1}{2}$ inch green) period.

DO NOT MIX with insecticides or fungicides incompatible with oil. Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service for specific compatibilities.

DO NOT APPLY to trees weakened by disease, drought, drying winds, or high nitrogen applications.

DO NOT USE this product when temperatures are above 96°F.

Use only in spray machines with powerful positive agitation. Keep agitator running at all times during spray operations. This product is formulated as a “fast break” spray oil and will not stay in solution unless agitated constantly.

Unless otherwise noted, amounts given are for 100 gallons of diluted spray. See specific instructions for concentrate and aerial application.

ORCHARD CONCENTRATE APPLICATION: Apply 3 to 6 gallons in a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre.

Use only on crops listed on the label. Special concentrate spray equipment is necessary for this application.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

CITRUS: (FLORIDA ONLY) GRAPEFRUIT, LEMONS, LIMES, ORANGES, TANGELOS AND TANGERINES

Improved efficacy may be obtained when the oil is added to a partially filled spray tank under proper agitation and all foliage is thoroughly covered.

Precautions in the use of oil include: Do not apply oil spray when trees are wilting. Do not apply oil and sulfur within 3 weeks of each other in Florida. Oil spray applied after October 1 may increase susceptibility of trees to cold damage and may reduce the fruit crop the following year. Oil sprays applied in the fall may inhibit solids formation in the juice and retard coloring of fruit and should not be applied within 60 days of anticipated harvest. Sensitive foliage may be injured.

Consult the Florida Citrus Spray and Dust Schedule, or your Agricultural Experiment Station or State Extension Service Specialist for complete details on the spraying program best suited to your locale.

Method

[Broadcast/Foliar Air](#)

[Broadcast/Foliar Ground](#)

Rates

[field_rates 0](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

4 hours

Timings

N. A.