

BLUEBERRIES (ALL APPROVED STATES EXCEPT CALIFORNIA) - HIGHBUSH BLUEBERRY - TWO APPLICATIONS

General Information

GENERAL INFORMATION

- Use only as directed. Read and thoroughly understand the label before making applications.
- The term 'grams of active ingredient per acre' is represented by 'g ai/acre' throughout this product label. See conversion table at the end of Directions for Use.
- Thoroughly spray all parts of the plant or crop to obtain the desired result.
- Prepare solution concentrations by mixing the required amount of product with water only in a clean empty spray tank.
- Dispose of any unused spray material at the end of the day. Refer to the Storage and Disposal section of the label for pesticide disposal instruction.
- When a range of rates is indicated, consult your local experimental station, distributor, or agricultural extension agent for the best program suited to your local conditions.
- Falgro 20SP works best when using water of neutral or slightly acidic pH. Ensure water pH is less than 8.5.
- Absorption of Falgro 20SP into the plant is greatest under slow drying conditions. Nighttime applications will be more effective when daytime conditions cause rapid drying. Re-apply Falgro 20SP if significant rain occurs within 2 hours of application.
- Falgro 20SP has a 0-day pre harvest interval (PHI).
- Do not apply using ULV application methods. For aerial applications spray volumes must be greater than 2 gallons per acre (10 gallons per acre for tree crops).
- Consult your local experimental station, distributor, or agricultural extension agent regarding the compatibility of gibberellic acid with other compounds.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

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Application of Falgro 20SP improves fruit set when natural fruit set is poor due to reduced honeybee activity, adverse weather conditions or physiological factors. Highbush blueberry (varieties such as Berkley, Bluecrop, Blueray, Concord, Coville, Earliblue, Jersey, Stanley, Walcott, Weymouth, and 1316A).

Make two applications of 40 g ai/acre in 40 - 100 gallons of water. The single application is made at full bloom (75% of the flowers are fully open). When two applications are made, spray the first one at full bloom and the second one within 10 to 14 days. For Weymouth, application can be delayed up to two weeks after bloom to increase size of 'shot' berries.

Method

[Spray](#)

Rates

[field_rates 0](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

4 hours

Timings

[Spray the first one at full bloom and the second one within 10 to 14 days.](#)