

CUCURBITS - SUPPRESSION OF VINE DECLINE AND CHARCOAL ROT

General Information

Apply this product with ground or aerial equipment, using sufficient volume of spray to provide thorough coverage. Continuous agitation is required to keep the material in suspension. Do not tank mix this product with highly alkaline pesticides, such as Bordeaux mixture or limesulfur. No claim of compatibility with other pesticides is implied. Use the higher rates under conditions of severe disease pressure. Also, see local State Extension Service instructions for application schedules.

Optimum disease control occurs when fungicides are applied in a preventative spray program prior to fungal infection. Some diseases are better controlled when several different MOA (Modes of Action) fungicides are tank-mixed for the application. Check your area University or Extension Recommendations Guide for specifics.

Use the fluid oz./acre rate for concentrate sprays (less than 400 gallons on apples, less than 300 gallons on stonefruit). Use the fluid oz./100 gal rate for dilute ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 3 gallons/A (5 gallons/A in California) for row crops, and a minimum of 10 gallons/A for tree crops. Higher spray volume will generally result in better coverage and better disease control.

Use on non-bearing apples, pecans, cherries, and peaches: Use this product for control of the leaf diseases listed on the label for these crops during the non-bearing years of new plantings, and on nursery stock. All use directions and limitations must be followed, except for the PHI, which is not applicable. Begin applications as disease is first observed. Tank mix with a protectant fungicide for resistance management.

Chemigation instructions follow. Do not apply through any irrigation system unless these instructions are followed.

Resistance Management: To avoid the development of tolerant or resistant strains of fungi, tank mix this product with a fungicide of different chemistry, and/or alternated with a fungicide of different chemistry at each application. If after using

this product as specified in the label, the treatment is not effective, a tolerant or resistant strain of fungi is likely present. Discontinue the use of this product for at least one season. Do not use products containing thiabendazole or other products containing thiophanate-methyl as substitutes for this product, as they are of similar chemistry and will contribute to the development of resistance. As long as these precautions are followed, this product can be useful for disease control, even if resistant strains are present.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE THROUGH CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS

USE IN CALIFORNIA BY CHEMIGATION ONLY FOR BEANS, CUCURBITS (CUCUMBERS, MELONS, PUMPKINS, SQUASH), PEANUTS, SOYBEANS, AND STRAWBERRIES

Chemigation Information

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move, or drip (mini-micro sprinklers, strip tubing, trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

Use Information:

Apply through buried drip irrigation (chemigation) to the root zone. For disease suppression, apply at 14-day intervals, beginning at emergence and continuing to harvest.

Applications weekly or biweekly, beginning 4-6 weeks prior to harvest will also offer suppression, but may not be as effective as a season-long program.

Note: Dilute sprays are not to exceed maximum rate per acre.

Method

[Irrigation](#)

Pre-Harvest Interval

1 day

Rates

[field_rates 0](#)

[field_rates 1](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

24 hours

Timings

[Beginning at emergence and continuing to harvest.](#)