

# **POME FRUIT CROP GROUPING, ETC. - PHYTOPHTHORA, PHYTHIUM, ETC. - ROOT DIP APPLICATION**

## General Information

### GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply K-PHITE by various application methods, including foliar sprays, trunk injection, soil drench, soil incorporation, and bare root dip. For foliar sprays, apply K-PHITE with sufficient water for adequate coverage of foliage, according to crop and growth stage. To insure good coverage, spray to wet.

### LOW VOLUME AND ULTRA-LOW VOLUME APPLICATIONS

Label rates are written for conventional application equipment. For LV/ULV equipment, use per acre rate of K-PHITE and adjust amount of water to equipment needs. Always conduct a phytotoxicity test on a small area before applying to a large area in order to assess any potential risk to plants.

### GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER AND DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally dosed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials

that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure uniformity solution. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution, or when lines containing the product must be dismantled or drained. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of chemigation water.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation shall shut down and adjust the system as needed.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse system) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

#### Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

##### Pome Fruits Crop Grouping (Bearing and Non-Bearing) including Papaya

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply K-PHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours after dipping.

#### Method

[Dip](#)

Rates

[field\\_rates 0](#)

[field\\_rates 1](#)

[field\\_rates 2](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

4 hours

Timings

[Preplant](#)

[Prior to disease development.](#)