CRANBERRY - CRANBERRY BLOSSOM WORM, ETC.

General Information

GENERAL INFORMATION

Acephate 90 WSP, a soluble powder, is an insecticide for control of pests on selected agricultural crops and in certain non-crop areas. The active ingredient in this product is acephate, a water-soluble insecticide readily absorbed by plant roots and foliage to give systemic control of feeding insects. Insect pests are generally controlled more effectively by this product through ingesting than by contact. Application of this product to maintain control should be repeated only as directed.

To ensure that Acephate 90 WSP, a soluble powder, is compatible with the variety or cultivar of the listed ornamental crops under your specific conditions, test the product on a limited scale and observe for phytotoxicity over two weeks before making large-scale applications. The large number of existing ornamental varieties and cultivars coupled with the constant introductions of new variants precludes specific testing of each type. It is impossible to field test this product in every locale where sold or in all of the combinations created by differences including those in soil or media type, pH, moisture or fertility, environmental conditions such as temperature, lighting or degree days and horticultural practice including planting dates, control of other pests, timing of various horticultural practice and the manner of use and application of this product.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

Use Precaution:

- Do not apply from start of bloom until all berries set.

Sprinkler Irrigation Application To Cranberries: This product may only be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Solid Set System: Apply specified dosage for the entire length of the irrigation period or for a 30 to 60 minute period at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a 30 to 60 minute injection as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation. Allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining pesticide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

Center Pivot Systems: Inject the specified dosage per acre continuously for one complete revolution of the system.

Note: Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of insecticide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right turn to ensure adequate mixing.

Application of more than label-recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness.

Method
Broadcast/Foliar Air
Broadcast/Foliar Ground
Pre-Harvest Interval

90 days

Rates
field_rates 0
field_rates 1

Restricted Entry Interval

24 hours

Timings
N.A.