

## **APPLICATIONS RECOMMENDED FOR TURF**

### General Information

#### GENERAL INFORMATION:

Calcium deficiencies are becoming more and more prevalent. They normally appear during the rapid growing, flowering and/or fruiting stages. No source of calcium can completely overcome these problems. Because of the nature of calcium deficiency (growing point disorders), Miller Calcium Chelate should be applied in multiple applications.

#### FOR TREATMENT OF SOILS AND CROPS WHERE CALCIUM DEFICIENCY IS DIAGNOSED OR SUSPECTED.

To improve foliage absorption and effectiveness, add Nu Film 17 to all foliar applied sprays. Miller Calcium Chelate is particularly suitable for foliar application, inclusion in liquid feeds and hydroponic mixes and for soil application.

#### SYMPTOMS OF CALCIUM DEFICIENCY:

Calcium deficiency usually appears in the young leaves and near the growing points of stems and in the roots. The young leaves may be severely distorted with the tips hooked back and the margins curled backward or forward. The leaf margins may show brown scorching or spotting effects with spectacular die-back of stems near the growing points. These effects are most pronounced in tomato and celery crops.

#### CROPS SUSCEPTIBLE TO CALCIUM DEFICIENCY:

Miller Calcium Chelate is recommended for crops such as alfalfa, almonds, avocados, apples, broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower, carrots, celery, citrus, corn, lettuce, milo, melons, nectarines, rice, pears, peaches, pecans, peppers, plums, prunes, potatoes, peanuts, sorghum, sugar beets, sweet corn, sugar cane, strawberries, tomato, turnips, walnuts, watermelons, wheat and most other crops.

#### Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

#### APPLICATIONS RECOMMENDED FOR TURF:

Apply Miller Calcium Chelate at 1/2 to 1 lb. per acre In sufficient water for good coverage. Follow with thorough watering.

CAUTION: Do not apply more than 1 lb. per acre of any single chelate or mixture of chelates per foliar application as crop Injury may occur. Multiple chelate applications should be made at no less than 10 to 14 day Intervals to reduce the potential for crop injury.

Method

[Foliar spray](#)

Rates

[field\\_rates 0](#)

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Timings

[N.A.](#)