

FOREST MANAGEMENT APPLICATIONS - SOUTHERN COASTAL FLATWOODS

General Information

PRODUCT INFORMATION

TRICLOPYR 4E will control unwanted woody plants and annual and perennial broadleaf weeds in forests, and on non-crop areas including industrial manufacturing and storage sites, rights-of-way such as electrical power lines, communication lines, pipelines, roadsides and railroads, fence rows, non-irrigation ditch banks, and around farm buildings, rangelands, permanent grass pastures, and conservation reserve program (CRP) acres (including fence rows and non-irrigation ditch banks within these areas). These sites may include grazed areas as well as establishment and maintenance of wildlife openings.

TRICLOPYR 4E is an oil-soluble, emulsifiable liquid product containing the herbicide triclopyr. TRICLOPYR 4E may be applied to woody or herbaceous broadleaf plants as a foliar spray or as a basal bark or to cut stump application to woody plants. As a foliar spray TRICLOPYR 4E will control only herbaceous plants that have emerged from the soil or woody plants that are in full leaf at the time of application.

Small amounts of TRICLOPYR 4E can kill or injure many broadleaf plants. To prevent damage to crops and other desirable plants, follow all directions and precautions.

USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- The state of Arizona has not approved TRICLOPYR 4E for use on plants grown for commercial production; specifically, forests grown for commercial timber production, or on designated grazing areas.
- When applying this product in tank mix combination, follow all applicable use directions and precautions on each manufacturer's label.
- Do not apply on ditches used to transport irrigation water. Do not apply where runoff or irrigation water may flow onto agricultural land as injury to crops may result.

- Do not apply this product using mist blowers unless a drift control additive, high viscosity inverting system, or equivalent is used to control spray drift.
- Sprays applied directly to Christmas trees may result in conifer injury. When treating unwanted vegetation in Christmas tree plantations, care must be taken to direct sprays away from conifers.
- Do not apply TRICLOPYR 4E directly to, or otherwise permit it to come into direct contact with grapes, tobacco, vegetable crops, flowers, or other desirable broadleaf plants and do not permit spray mists containing it to drift onto them.
- It is permissible to treat non-irrigation ditch banks, seasonally dry wetlands, flood plains, deltas, marshes, swamps, bogs, and transitional areas between upland and lowland sites. Do not apply to open water such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, creeks, saltwater bays, or estuaries.
- Many forbs (herbaceous broadleaves) are susceptible to TRICLOPYR 4E. Do not spray pastures containing desirable forbs, especially legumes such as clover, unless injury or loss of such plants can be tolerated. However, the stand and growth of established grasses usually is improved after spraying, especially when rainfall is adequate and grazing is deferred,
- Established grasses are tolerant to this product, but newly seeded grasses may be injured until well established as indicated by tillering, development of a secondary root system and vigorous growth. Do not reseed treated areas for a minimum of three weeks after treatment.
- Do not apply directly to irrigation ditches or water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.
- Do not apply directly to water.

Maximum Application Rates:

- Do not apply more than 2 lbs. acid equivalent per acre per year to sites that may be grazed (equivalent to 2 quarts of formulated product) to sites that may be grazed or harvested for hay.
- Do not apply more than 6 lbs. acid equivalent per acre per year (equivalent to 6

quarts of formulated product) to forestry sites.

- Do not apply more than 8 lbs. acid equivalent per acre per year (equivalent to 8 quarts of formulated product) to all other use sites listed on the label.

GRAZING AND HAYING RESTRICTIONS

- Do not allow lactating dairy animals to graze treated areas until the next growing season following application of this product.
- Do not harvest hay for 14 days after application.

Slaughter Restrictions:

Withdraw livestock from grazing treated grass or consumption of treated hay at least 3 days before slaughter. This restriction applies to grazing during the season following treatment or hay harvested during the season following treatment.

Refer in the label regarding tank mix information.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

FOREST MANAGEMENT APPLICATIONS

Optimal control for broadcast applications of TRICLOPYR 4E is achieved using spray volumes that allow thorough plant coverage. Recommended spray volumes are usually 25 gallons per acre by air or 10 to 100 gallons per acre by ground depending upon equipment. When using spray volumes less than 50 gallons per acre, the addition of an agriculturally labeled non-ionic surfactant as described under "Directions for Use" will help assure more complete coverage of foliage. Application systems or additives designed to minimize drift by producing larger droplets may require higher spray volumes to maintain brush control.

Plant Back Interval for Conifers: Conifers planted less than 1 month after treatment with TRICLOPYR 4E at less than 4 quarts per acre or less than 2 months after treatment at 4 to 8 quarts per acre may suffer injury. When tank mixtures of herbicides are used for forest site preparation, labels for all products in the mixture should be consulted and the longest recommended waiting period observed.

Broadcast Treatments for Forest Site Preparation (Not For Conifer Release)

- Applications for Site Preparation in Southern Coastal Flatwoods:

To control susceptible broadleaf weeds and woody species such as gallberry and wax-myrtle, and for partial control of saw-palmetto, apply 2 to 4 quarts per acre of TRICLOPYR 4E. To broaden the spectrum of species controlled to include fetterbush, staggerbush, titi, and grasses, apply 2 to 3 quarts per acre of TRICLOPYR 4E in tank mix combination with labeled rates of Arsenal Applicator's Concentrate herbicide. Where control of gallberry, wax-myrtle, broadleaf weeds, and grasses is desired, 2 to 3 quarts per acre of TRICLOPYR 4E may be applied in tank mix combination with labeled rates of Accord herbicide.

These treatments may be broadcast during site preparation of flat planted or bedded sites or, on bedded sites, applied in bands over the top of beds.

For best results, make applications in late summer or fall. Efficacy may not be satisfactory when applications are made in early season prior to August.

Note: Do not apply after planting pines.

Method

[Broadcast/Foliar Air](#)

[Broadcast/Foliar Ground](#)

Rates

[field rates 0](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

12 hours

Timings

[In late summer or fall.](#)