

## **NON-CROPLAND USE (ALL STATES EXCEPT CALIFORNIA) - BROADLEAF WEEDS - BROADCAST APPLICATION**

### General Information

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Use of this product in Oregon is limited to the sites stated on the label which are agricultural, forest and right-of-way.

In New York State, the maximum application rate for ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 is 2/3 pint (0.25 lb. acid equivalent of clopyralid) per acre per growing season. Do not exceed a total cumulative amount of 0.25 lb. acid equivalent of the active ingredient clopyralid per acre per crop year.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 herbicide is recommended for postemergence control of broadleaf weeds and select woody brush species in non-cropland areas including equipment pathways, industrial manufacturing and storage sites, forest sites, and rights-of-way (such as along roadsides, electrical lines and railroads). Use on these sites may include application to grazed areas as well as establishment and maintenance of wildlife openings, wild parkland and wildlife management areas, and forest spot application adjacent to these sites.

ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 is labeled for control of broadleaf weeds in cottonwood/poplar and eucalyptus tree plantations; and in rangeland and permanent grass pastures in certain western states.

#### PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- In Arizona: The state of Arizona has not approved ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 for use on plants grown for agricultural/commercial production; such as on designated grazing areas.
- Use of this product in Oregon is limited to the sites stated on the label which are agricultural, forest and right-of-way.

- In New York State, the maximum application rate for ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 is 2/3 pint (0.25 lb. acid equivalent of clopyralid) per acre per growing season. Do not exceed a total cumulative amount of 0.25 lb. acid equivalent of the active ingredient clopyralid per acre per crop year.
- Not for Sale, Use or Distribution in Nassau and Suffolk Counties in New York State.
- Do not contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.
- Do not use in greenhouses.
- In California, the maximum application rate is 2/3 pint per acre per annual use season.
- In Florida, ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 can be used only in the following counties: Bay, Bradford, Calhoun, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Gulf, Hamilton, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Leon, Liberty, Madison, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Suwanee, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton and Washington.

#### Ground Application:

With ground equipment, spray drift may be lessened by keeping the spray boom as low as possible, by applying 10 or more gallons of spray per acre, by keeping the operating spray pressures at the manufacturer's minimum recommended pressure for the specified nozzle type used (low pressure nozzles are available from spray equipment manufacturers), and by spraying when the wind velocity is low (follow state regulations). Avoid application under completely calm conditions which may be conducive to air inversion. In hand-gun applications, select the minimum pressure required to obtain adequate plant coverage without forming a mist. Do not apply with a mist blower.

#### Aerial Application:

With aircraft, drift can be lessened by using straight stream nozzles directed straight back; by using a spray boom no longer than 3/4 the wing span of the aircraft; by using drift control systems or drift control additives; and by keeping spray pressures low enough to provide coarse spray droplets. Do not use a thickening agent with the Microfoil or Thru-Valve booms, or other systems that

cannot accommodate thick sprays. Spray only when wind velocity is low (follow state regulations). Avoid calm conditions which may be conducive to air inversions. Do not apply by aircraft when an air temperature inversion exists. Such a condition is characterized by little or no wind and lower air temperature near the ground than at higher levels. The use of a smoke device on the aircraft or continuous smoke column at or near the site will indicate air direction and velocity, and whether a temperature inversion is present, as indicated by horizontal layering of the smoke.

## APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

### Application Timing:

Apply to actively growing weeds. Extreme growing conditions such as drought or near freezing temperatures prior to, at, and following time of application may reduce weed control. Only weeds that have emerged at the time of application will be affected. Wet foliage at the time of application may decrease control. The treatment with ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 will be rainfast within 2 hours after application.

### Application Rates:

Generally, application rates at the lower end of the recommended rate range will be satisfactory for young, succulent growth of susceptible weed species. For less sensitive species, perennials, and under conditions where control is more difficult (plant stress conditions such as drought or extreme temperatures, dense weed stands and/or large weeds), the higher rates within the rate range will be needed.

### Use of Adjuvants:

Addition of surfactants, crop oils, or other adjuvants may increase effectiveness of ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 herbicide. If an adjuvant is added to the spray solution, follow all manufacturer use guidelines.

### Spray Coverage:

Use sufficient spray volume to provide thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern. Do not broadcast apply in less than 2 gallons of total spray volume per acre. For best results and to minimize spray drift, apply in a spray volume of 10 or more gallons per acre.

As vegetative canopy and weed density increase, spray volume should be increased to obtain equivalent weed control. Use only nozzle types and spray equipment designed for herbicide application. To reduce spray drift, follow precautions under Avoiding Injury to Non-Target Plants.

Cut Surface Treatments: Apply ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 in rights-of-way and other noncrop areas to control unwanted trees and vines in the legume family such as mimosa, locust, redbud and wisteria.

Stump Treatment: Spray or paint the cut surfaces of freshly cut stumps and stubs with a 50/50 mix of ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 and water. The cambium area next to the bark is the most vital area to wet. This should be done as soon as the tree or vine has been cut.

Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

NON-CROPLAND USE (ALL STATES EXCEPT CALIFORNIA)

For use on non-cropland areas such as industrial manufacturing and storage sites and rights-of-way such as along roadsides, electrical power lines, communication lines, pipelines and railroads, including grazed areas on these sites and forest spot application adjacent to these sites.

Broadcast Application (Ground or Aerial)

For control of broadleaf weeds, apply 1 /4 to 1 1/3 pints per acre of ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 (equivalent to 0.09 to 0.5 lb acid equivalent per acre).

Non-ionic surfactant should be used in spray mixtures at 1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray mixture. The lower rate of 1/4 pint per acre provides acceptable control of weeds only under highly favorable plant growing conditions and when plants are no larger than 3 to 6 inches tall. Where Canada thistle or knapweed is the primary pest, best results are obtained by applying 2/3 to 1 1/3 pints per acre of ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 after basal leaves are produced. ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 can be applied in an invert emulsion using oil and an appropriate inverting agent. Follow label directions of the inverting agent. Established grasses are tolerant to ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 but new grass seedlings may be injured to varying degrees until the grass has become well established as indicated by vigorous growth and development of tillers and secondary roots.

Buffalobur, knapweed, Russian, ladythumb, smartweed, green, sowthistle, perennial: These weeds may only be suppressed. Suppression is a visual reduction in weed competition (reduced population or vigor) as compared to untreated areas. The degree and duration of weed control will vary with weed size and density, application rate and coverage, and growing conditions before, during, and after the time of treatment. For perennial weeds such as Russian knapweed, and perennial sowthistle, ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 will control the initial top growth and inhibit regrowth during the season of application (season-long control). At higher use rates shown on the label, ALLIGARE CLOPYRALID 3 may cause a reduction in shoot regrowth in the season following application; however, plant response may be inconsistent due to inherent variability in shoot regrowth from perennial root systems.

Thistle, Canada; thistle, musk: Rosette to bud.

Method

[Broadcast/Foliar Air](#)

[Broadcast/Foliar Ground](#)

Rates

[field rates 0](#)

[field rates 1](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

12 hours

Timings

Postemergence (Weed)