

## **PASTURE AND RANGELAND - ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL WEEDS / PERENNIAL WEEDS**

### General Information

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

PHENOXY 088 is a special formulation containing 2,4-D acid. It is more effective than 2,4-D amines for controlling hard-to-kill weeds such as field bindweed, Russian knapweed, Canada thistle, leafy spurge, cattails, tules and nutgrass. PHENOXY 088 should be applied when daytime temperatures are lower than 80 to 85 degrees. Spraying when temperatures are higher may cause rapid foliar burn and decrease the product's effectiveness. Treatment at higher temperatures also increases the possibility of crop injury. INJURY TO CROPS FROM THIS HERBICIDE MAY OCCUR. IF YOU ARE NOT PREPARED TO ACCEPT SOME DEGREE OF CROP INJURY, DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT. Crop varieties vary in response to 2,4-D and some are easily injured. Apply PHENOXY 088 only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. If you are uncertain concerning tolerant varieties or local use situations that may affect crop tolerance to 2,4-D, consult your seed company or state Agricultural Extension Service for advice.

**GENERAL RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply product through any type of irrigation system. Do not use in or near a greenhouse.

PHENOXY 088 contains 0.35 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 1.75 pounds of a.e. per acre per crop cycle.

#### Limitations, Restrictions, and Exceptions

Annual Weeds - Beggarticks, common broomweed, knotweed, mallow (venice or little), musk thistle, wild carrot, vervains, smartweeds (annual species), salsify (western or common), russian thistle, prickly lettuce,: These species may require repeat applications and/or use of higher rate recommended on this product label even under ideal conditions for application.

Perennial Weeds - Alfalfa, Austrian fieldcress, bindweed, Canada thistle, docks,

dogbanes, goldenrod, ground ivy, wild onion, wild garlic, western ironweed, vervains, tansy ragwort, orange hawkweed, nettles, many-flower aster, and hoary cress: These species may require repeat applications and/or use of higher rate recommended on this product label even under ideal conditions for application.

- Pigweeds (*Amaranthus* spp.)- Control of pigweeds in the High Plains area of Texas and Oklahoma may not be satisfactory with this product.
- Mustards (except blue mustard)
- Pepperweeds (except perennial)
- Also controls cocklebur, galinsoga, lambsquarters, mustards, pigweed, ragweed and sunflower.
- To control dandelion, plantain and most other common broadleaf weeds in turf, apply in spring or fall when these weeds are growing actively. Treat wild garlic or onion in three successive seasons (example: spring, fall, spring).

#### RANGELAND & PASTURE RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not cut forage for hay within 7 days of treatment.
- For susceptible annual and biennial broadleaf weeds and woody plants, do not exceed 5.6 pints per acre per application.
- For moderately susceptible biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds and woody plants, do not exceed 5.6 pints per acre per population.
- For spot treatment do not exceed 5.6 pints per acre.
- Maximum of 2 applications per year.
- Minimum of 30 days between applications.
- If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use Requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable.
- For program lands, such as Conservation Reserve Program, consult program rules to determine whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or the label must be followed.

(PHENOXY 088 contains 0.35 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with

products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.)

Method

[Spray](#)

Rates

[field rates 0](#)

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Restricted Entry Interval

48 hours

Timings

[To control broadleaf weeds, apply 3-5 days after planting but before corn emerges.](#)