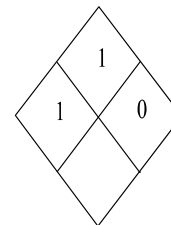


## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION



**PRODUCT NAME:** LORSBAN® 15G SMARTBOX®  
**CHEMICAL NAME (Active Ingredient):** O,O-Diethyl O-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridinyl) phosphorothioate  
**SYNONYMS (for active ingredient):** Chlorpyrifos, Lorsban®  
**GENERAL USE:** Organophosphorus pesticide  
**PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:** Beige granules  
**EPA Registration Number:** 5481-525  
**MSDS No.:** 343\_1  
**Current Revision Date:** 16 March, 2006

**MANUFACTURER:**  
AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION  
4100 E. Washington Blvd.  
Los Angeles, CA 90023-4406  
Ph: 323-264-3910  
FAX: 323-268-1028

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:**  
**MANUFACTURER:** 323-264-3910  
**TRANSPORTATION (24 HOURS)**  
**CHEMTREC:** 800-424-9300  
**OTHER (24 HOURS)**  
**AMVAC:** 323-264-3910

### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	WT %	CAS No.
Chlorpyrifos; O,O-Diethyl O-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridinyl) phosphorothioate	15%	2921-88-2
Inert Ingredients	85%	
Includes gamma-Butyrolactone and clay (which may contain crystalline silica)		96-48-0 14808-60-7

#### OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR1910.1200)

COMPONENT	HAZARD	OSHA PEL*(skin)	ACGIH TLV*(skin)
Chlorpyrifos	POISON	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Respirable crystalline quartz (CAS No. 14808-60-7)	Carcinogen, irritation	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nuisance Dust, Total	Irritation	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Inhalable)

\* Exposure Limits 8 hrs. TWA

LORSBAN is a registered trademark of Dow AgroSciences.  
SMARTBOX is a registered trademark of AMVAC Chemical Corporation.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

---

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:**

**CAUTION! Cholinesterase Inhibitor. Inhalation or skin contact may, without symptoms, progressively increase susceptibility to Chlorpyrifos (LORSBAN®) poisoning. Do not swallow or get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe dust.**

**Keep out of reach of children! Do not contaminate food or feed products.**

**Toxic to fish, birds and other wildlife. Do not contaminate bodies of water.**

---

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

**ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:** Poisonous if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Repeated inhalation or skin contact may, without symptoms, progressively increase susceptibility to Chlorpyrifos poisoning.

**SIGNS OF ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE:** Symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pinpoint pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and abdominal cramps. In extreme cases unconsciousness, convulsions, severe respiratory depression and death may occur.

**SIGNS OF CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE:** Repeated exposures to small doses of Chlorpyrifos (LORSBAN®) and other organophosphates may lower the cholinesterase to levels where the above symptoms of acute overexposure are observed.

**OTHER POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:** Laboratory studies have shown no carcinogenic and reproductive effects in laboratory animals.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:** Preexisting skin or respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to components of this product. Preexisting conditions which lower cholinesterase levels increase vulnerability to cholinesterase depression. These include: (for plasma) chronic alcoholism; malnutrition; dermatomyositis; existing toxicity from exposure to carbon disulfide; benzalkonium salts, organic mercury compounds, ciguatoxins or solanines; and (for RBC) hemolytic anemia.

**CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN WHEN HANDLING CHLORPYRIFOS AND ITS FORMULATIONS.**

---

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**CHLORPYRIFOS (LORSBAN®) IS A CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITOR. A PHYSICIAN SHOULD BE CONTACTED IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE TO CHLORPYRIFOS AND ITS FORMULATIONS IF ANY OF THE SYMPTOMS LISTED IN SECTION 3 ARE OBSERVED. WEAR PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WHEN TREATING SOMEONE OVEREXPOSED TO CHLORPYRIFOS TO PREVENT EXPOSURE OF THE RESCUER.**

**EYES:** Immediately flush the eyes with copious amounts of clear, cool running water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids apart during the flushing to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of the eyes and lids with water. Contact a physician immediately. If there will be a delay in getting medical attention, rinse the eyes for at least another 15 minutes.

**INHALATION:** Remove victim to fresh air if symptoms are observed. If breathing has ceased, clear the victim's airway and start mouth-to-mouth artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Contact a physician immediately. Be sure the contact areas are clean to prevent contamination of the rescuer.

**INGESTION:** Contact a physician or poison control center immediately. Immediately dilute the swallowed product by giving large quantities of water (at least 1 to 2 large glasses). Induce vomiting by giving Syrup of Ipecac according to directions on the bottle or by touching a finger to the back of the throat. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Be sure the mouth is clean or wear a rubber glove to prevent contamination of the rescuer.

**SKIN:** Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Do not attempt to neutralize with chemical agents. Wash clothing before reuse. If skin irritation develops, contact a physician immediately.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: This is an Organophosphate (OP) Insecticide.** Do not wait for laboratory confirmation to treat patients with strong clinical evidence of poisoning. In the USA and other countries, contact your local or national poison control center for more information.

**Do Not** handle the patient without the following protective equipment in place: chemical resistant gloves and apron (preferably nitrile). Remove contaminated clothing and do not reuse without thorough cleaning with detergent and hot water. Dispose of heavily contaminated clothing, including shoes, as a hazardous waste.

Establish airway and oxygenation. IV Atropine sulfate is the antidote of choice against parasympathetic nervous stimulation. If there are signs of parasympathetic stimulation, Atropine Sulfate should be injected at 10 minute intervals in doses of 1 to 2 milligrams until complete atropinization has occurred. Pralidoxime chloride (2-PAM chloride) may also be used as an effective antidote in addition to and while maintaining full atropinization. In adults, an initial dose of 1 gram of 2-PAM should be injected, preferably as an infusion, in 250 cc of saline over a 15 to 20 minute period. If this is not practical, 2-PAM may be administered slowly by intravenous injection as a 5% solution in water over not less than 2 minutes. After about an hour, a second dose of 1 gram of 2-PAM will be indicated if muscle weakness has not been relieved. For infants and children, the dose of 2-PAM is 0.25 grams. Avoid morphine, aminophylline,

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES, cont'd**

phenothiazine, reserpine, furosemide and ethacrynic acid. Clear chest by postural drainage. Oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient continuously for 48 hours. Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors may without warning cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until time for cholinesterase regeneration has been attained as determined by a blood test.

Bathe and shampoo contaminated skin and hair. If ingested, empty stomach; activated charcoal is useful to further limit absorption. If victim is alert, Syrup of Ipecac (2 tablespoons in adults, 1 tablespoon in small children) followed by water (2 glasses for adults, 1 glass for children) is indicated. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions, or unconsciousness occur before emesis, gastric lavage should be considered following intubation with a cuffed endotracheal tube.

---

**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES**

Flash Point:	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature:	Not applicable
Flammable Limits:	
Lower flammable limit:	Not determined
Upper flammable limit:	Not determined
Flammability:	This is a noncombustible granule coated with an organic compound that will support fire in a direct flame (NFPA rating = 1)

**EXPLOSIVITY**

Mechanical Impact:	Not explosive
Static Discharge:	Will not occur

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:** Heating or burning may release toxic vapors or fumes. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure buildup, which could result in container rupture.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Water fog, "Alcohol" Foam, Dry Chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>.

**FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:** Evacuate nonessential personnel to a safe area upwind of the fire. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full protective equipment to prevent skin contact. Runoff from fire control may be a pollution hazard. Wash all equipment thoroughly with detergent and water before reuse.

---

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**GENERAL:** Evacuate personnel and thoroughly ventilate the area. Use adequate ventilation and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE, Section 8). Keep bystanders upwind and away from the spill.

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES, cont'd**

**SMALL SPILL:** Sweep or shovel into an open drum. Decontaminate the area and equipment with dilute alkali or ammonia (less than 5% solution) and detergent. Absorb and sweep into the same open drum. Rinse with water, absorb, and add to the waste drum. Close the drum and dispose of properly, according to hazardous waste disposal procedures for your locality.

**LARGE SPILL:** Dike the spill to prevent contamination of local water sources. Sweep, vacuum, or shovel the spilled granules into drums for use or disposal, depending on the circumstances. Clean the area as described for a small spill.

---

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**HANDLING:** Avoid exposure to dust and vapors by wearing appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE, section 8) and adequate ventilation. Always wash hands, face, and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating, drinking, or going to the toilet.

**STORAGE:** Store in the original container in a secure, temperate, dry place. Store below 100°F. Keep away from heat and open flame. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed. Do not contaminate bodies of water.

---

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Ventilation should be sufficient to keep exposures to vapors below the TLV for the hazardous ingredients of this product (see Section 2). Use of mechanical or local exhaust systems is recommended.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** When respiratory protection is required, or concentrations may exceed the TLV or PEL, use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridges or canisters. It is recommended that the canisters be changed whenever breakthrough occurs or eight (8) hours of use has occurred, whichever comes first. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limit may be greatly exceeded, use an approved positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

**SKIN PROTECTION:** Prevent skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves (preferably nitrile), coveralls or long-sleeved shirt and pants, and chemical resistant shoes or boots, are necessary to prevent skin contamination. Remove contaminated clothing as soon as possible. Wash dirty or contaminated clothing separately from other clothes. Wear clean clothes daily. Wash well with soap and water after handling this product. See the label for more specific instructions.

8. **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION, cont'd**

**EYE PROTECTION:** Safety glasses should be worn whenever working with chemicals. In addition, goggles or a faceshield are required if there is a chance of dust formation.

**OTHER PROTECTION:** There should be an eyewash station and a safety shower in the work area.

---

9. **PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

<b>Physical State:</b>	Solid
<b>Appearance:</b>	Tan/buff colored granule
<b>Odor:</b>	Skunk-like (Mercaptan-like)
<b>Odor Threshold:</b>	Not available
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Freezing/Melting Point:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Density:</b>	45 lb/cu. ft.
<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	2.7 mPa @ 25°C (a.i.)
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Heavier than air
<b>Percent Volatile by Vol:</b>	Not available
<b>Solubility (Water):</b>	Negligible
<b>Solubility (Other):</b>	The active ingredient is soluble in aromatic hydrocarbons, alcohols, ketones, ethers, and chlorinated solvents
<b>Partition Coefficient (O/W):</b>	50000 ( $K_{ow}$ ) (a.i.)
<b>pH:</b>	Not available
<b>Reactivity with Water:</b>	Slowly decomposes (hydrolysis) over several days (a.i.)
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	Not available

---

10. **STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**CHEMICAL STABILITY (Conditions to avoid):** Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions. Store below 100°F (38°C)

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Avoid temperatures above 158°F (70°C). Chlorpyrifos decomposes at elevated temperatures.

**INCOMPATIBILITY:** Strong oxidizers and strongly alkaline materials.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Thermal decomposition products may include but are not limited to hydrogen chloride, organic sulfides, and sulfur dioxide.

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** This product will not polymerize.

---

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>INGESTION:</b>	Oral LD <sub>50</sub> (rat):	2250/1288 mg/kg (male/female)
<b>INHALATION:</b>	Inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> (rat):	>0.2 mg/L (4-6 hr, for a.i. only)
<b>DERMAL:</b>	Skin LD <sub>50</sub> (rabbit):	> 5000 mg/kg
<b>IRRITATION:</b>	Eye irritation (rabbit):	Moderate irritation, may be slow to heal. Corneal injury is unlikely.
	Skin irritation (rabbit):	Minimal irritation
<b>SENSITIZATION:</b>	Skin sensitization: (guinea pig)	Not considered to have significant sensitization potential
<b>TERATOGENICITY:</b>	Testing of Chlorpyrifos and gamma-Butyrolactone showed no evidence of teratogenicity in laboratory animals.	
<b>MUTAGENICITY:</b>	Based on a majority of negative data and some equivocal or marginally positive results, Chlorpyrifos is considered to have minimal mutagenic potential. For the minor components(s), <i>in-vitro</i> mutagenicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.	
<b>CARCINOGENICITY:</b>	Chlorpyrifos and gamma-Butyrolactone did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. IARC, NTP, and OSHA all list crystalline silica as being carcinogenic.	
<b>REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:</b>	Chlorpyrifos did not interfere with fertility in reproduction studies in laboratory animals. Some evidence of toxicity to the offspring occurred, but only at a dose high enough to produce significant toxicity to the parent animals. Gamma-butyrolactone has been shown to produce testicular effects in laboratory animal studies, which suggest that excessive exposure to the component may interfere with reproduction.	
<b>TOXICOLOGICAL SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:</b>	No data are available.	

---

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**GENERAL:** This product is highly toxic to fish and wildlife. Keep out of surface waters, sewers, and waterways entering or leading to surface waters. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or environment occurs or is likely to occur.

---

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**WASTE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed by use according to label instructions, contact your nearest State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office or national equivalent to these agencies, for guidance. Open dumping is prohibited.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS, cont'd**

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Do not discard "SMARTBOX™" container. All "SMARTBOX™" containers must be returned to the place where they were purchased. Contact AMVAC Customer Service (800-GO AMVAC) for instructions in the event any difficulty in return of the "SMARTBOX™" is experienced. Do not attempt to open or tamper with the "SMARTBOX™". Once empty, the "SMARTBOX™" is not intended for reuse by the user.

---

**14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

<b>DOT Class:</b>	9
<b>UN Number:</b>	NA3077
<b>IMDG Class (sea):</b>	9
<b>IATA Class (air):</b>	9
<b>Marine Pollutant:</b>	Yes (Severe)
<b>Packing Group:</b>	III
<b>Hazard Label(s):</b>	Class 9 (Miscellaneous Hazardous Materials)
<b>ADR Class (road):</b>	9
<b>Proper Shipping Name(s):</b>	Other regulated substances, solid, n.o.s., (Chlorpyrifos)
<b>Reportable Quantity: (DOT, 172.101, Appendix A)</b>	Yes (1 lb Chlorpyrifos = 6.7 lb product)

**PACKAGING**

**General Description:** 50 lb "SMARTBOX™"

---

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:** This product is registered under EPA/FIFRA Regulations as a RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE. It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read and follow all label directions. This product is excluded from listing requirements under EPA/TSCA.

**SARA TITLE III DATA**

**Section 311 & 312 Hazard Categories:**

Immediate Health Hazard:	Yes
Delayed Health Hazard:	Yes
Fire Hazard:	No
Reactive Hazard:	No
Sudden Pressure Release Hazard:	No

**Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances:** None

**Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:** None



**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION, cont'd**

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):** Chlorpyrifos (CAS No. 2921-88-2)

RQ - 1 lbs; Product - 6.7 lbs

**EPCRA Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ):** None

**STATE REGULATIONS:**

**CALIFORNIA (Proposition 65):** This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to be carcinogenic: Crystalline silica.

---

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**MSDS Status:**

**Date This Revision: 16 March, 2006**

**Date Previous Revision: New MSDS**

**Person Responsible for Preparation: Gary A. Braden**

**Reasons for Revision:** New product for AMVAC Chemical Corporation.

**DISCLAIMER:** This information is provided for the limited guidance to the user. While AMVAC believes that the information is, as of the date hereof, reliable, it is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of the information for its purposes. The user is advised not to construe the information as absolutely complete since additional information may be necessary or desirable when particular, exceptional, or variable conditions or circumstances exist (like combinations with other materials), or because of applicable regulations. No express or implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise is made hereunder with respect to the information or the product to which the information relates.

**ABBREVIATIONS:**

ACGIH	-	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR	-	European <u>A</u> greement Concerning the International Carriage of <u>D</u> angerous Goods by <u>R</u> oad
CERCLA	-	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
DOT	-	Department of Transportation
EHS	-	Extremely Hazardous Substances
EPA	-	Environmental Protection Agency
EPCRA	-	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act
FIFRA	-	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
IARC	-	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	-	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	-	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
NTP	-	National Toxicology Program
OSHA	-	Occupational Safety and Health Agency
SARA	-	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
TSCA	-	Toxic Substances Control Act

---