

2.75"

COPY AREA

FIRST AID

If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, and then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

For MEDICAL Emergencies Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

Note to physician: No specific antidote is available. Treat symptomatically.

1.75"

2.25"

3.25"

2.75"
COPY AREA

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- shoes plus socks.
- waterproof gloves.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

1.75"

2.25"

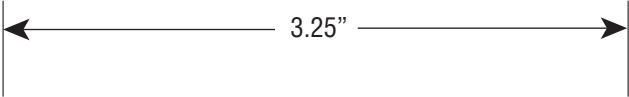
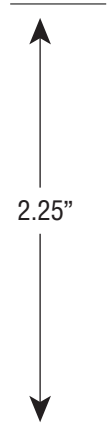
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ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS:
When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS:
Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean watermark. Do not
(continued)



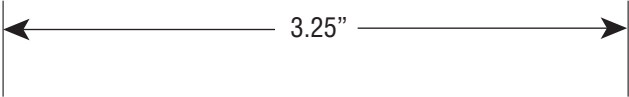
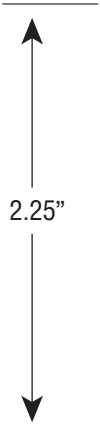


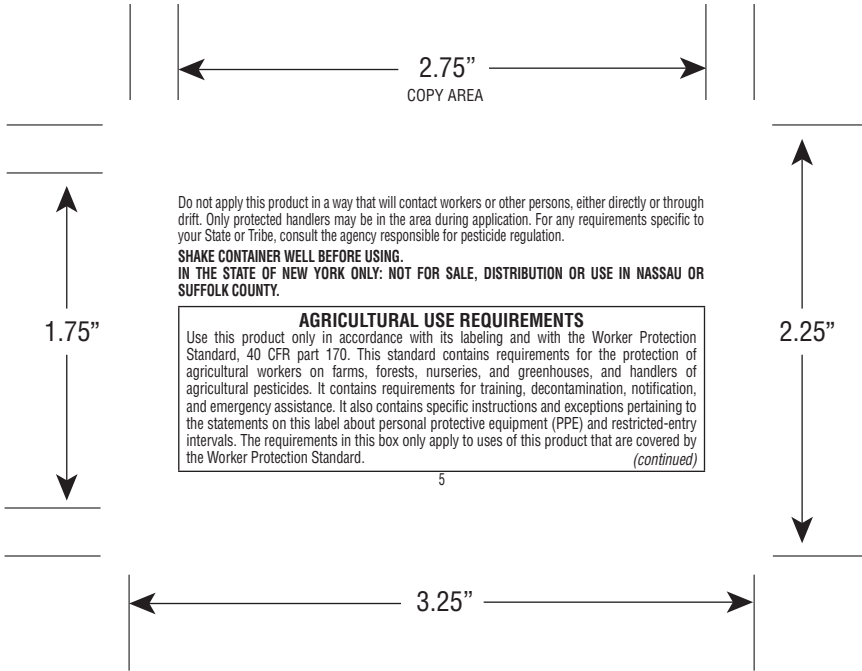
contaminate water when disposing of equipment rinsate or washwater. This product may enter water through spray drift or runoff. Follow directions for use to avoid spray drift and runoff. A level well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential of this product entering water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

Surface Water Advisory: This pesticide may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. Ground Water Advisory: This pesticide has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
Read the entire label before using this product (continued)





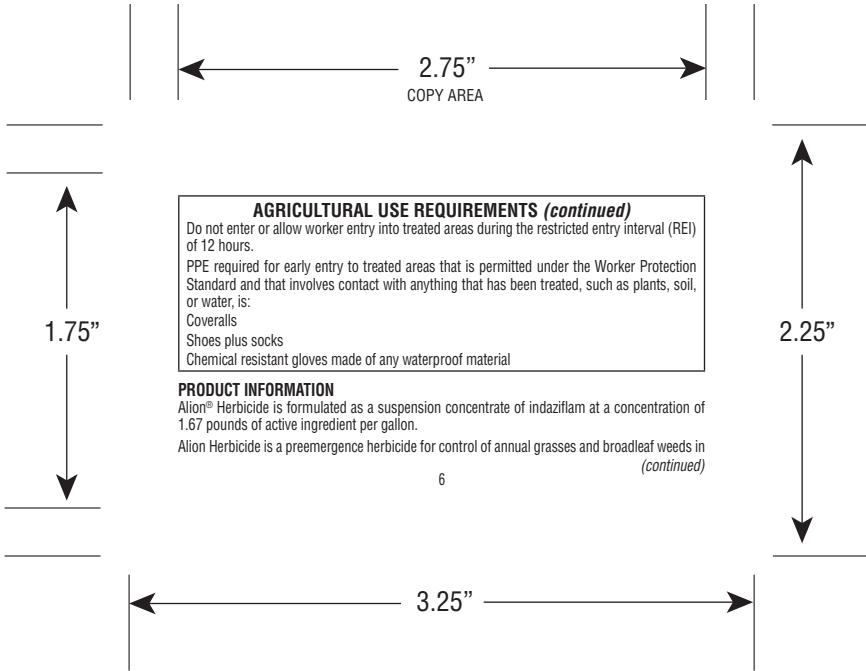
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

SHAKE CONTAINER WELL BEFORE USING.

IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK ONLY: NOT FOR SALE, DISTRIBUTION OR USE IN NASSAU OR SUFFOLK COUNTY.

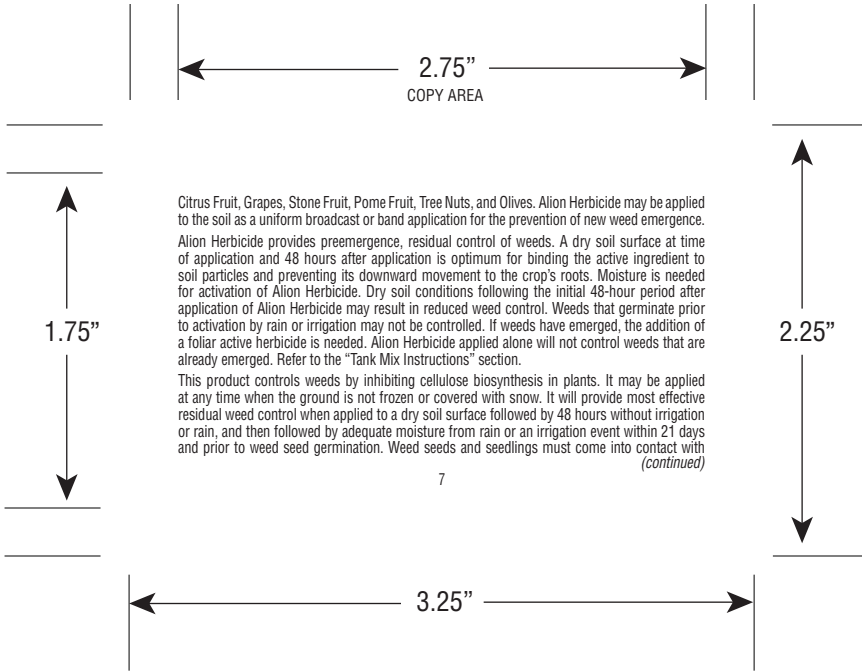
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

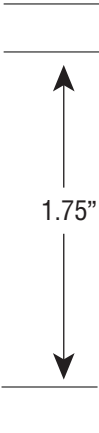
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. *(continued)*



AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS (continued)
Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.
PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:
Coveralls
Shoes plus socks
Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material

PRODUCT INFORMATION
Alion® Herbicide is formulated as a suspension concentrate of indaziflam at a concentration of 1.67 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.
Alion Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in
(continued)





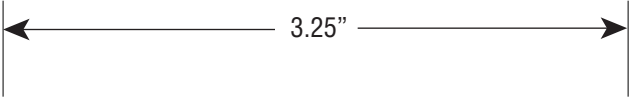
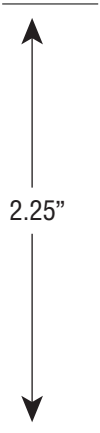
Alion Herbicide prior to emergence to be controlled. If insufficient moisture is present, some weeds may germinate and emerge from below the treated layer of soil. Avoid using Alion Herbicide in areas where soil runoff or erosion is likely to occur.

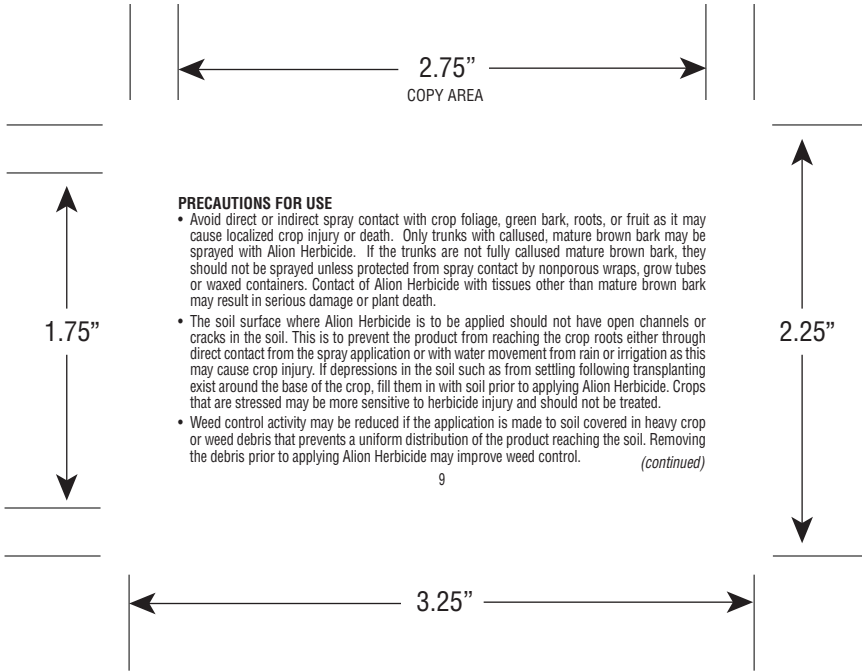
Excessive crop or weed debris present on the soil surface at the time of application may prevent a uniform distribution of the product reaching the soil and consequently may reduce weed control. Performance may be improved by removing the debris prior to applying Alion Herbicide. In very dense stands of living weeds, an application of a foliar active herbicide first then followed 3-6 weeks later with the application of Alion Herbicide is recommended for improved performance.

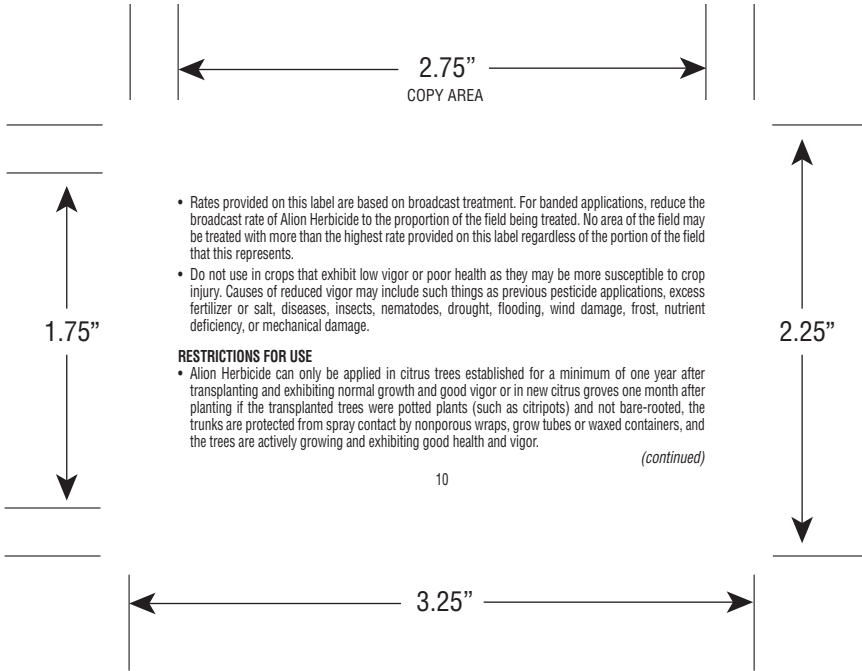
The level of weed control is dependent on many variables including soil texture, moisture, temperature, weed species present, the amount of weed seed present in the soil, and the crop canopy.

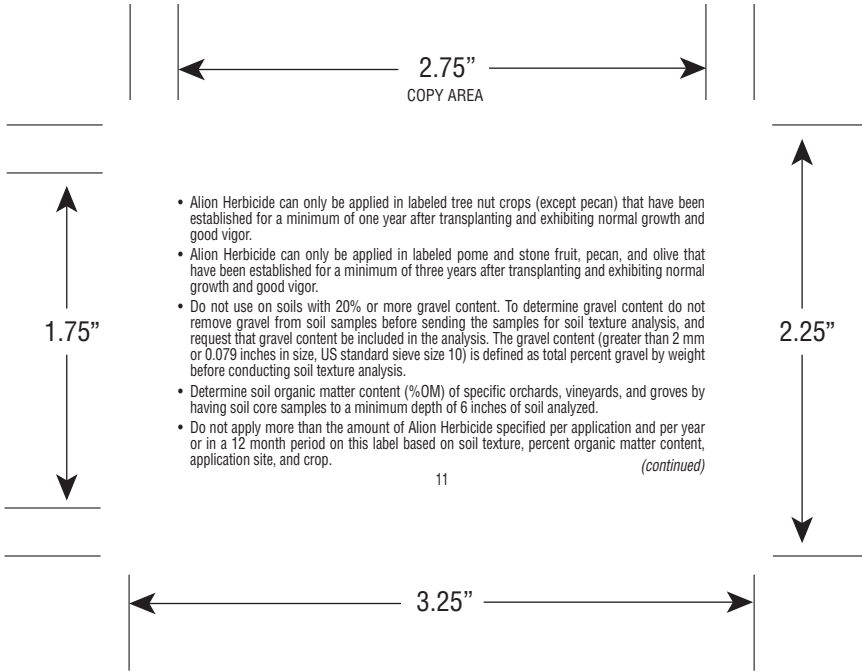
Do not apply within 25 feet of ponds, lakes, rivers, streams, wetlands, and habitat containing aquatic and semi-aquatic plants.

The Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) is 7 days for citrus and 14 days for all other crops listed on this label.

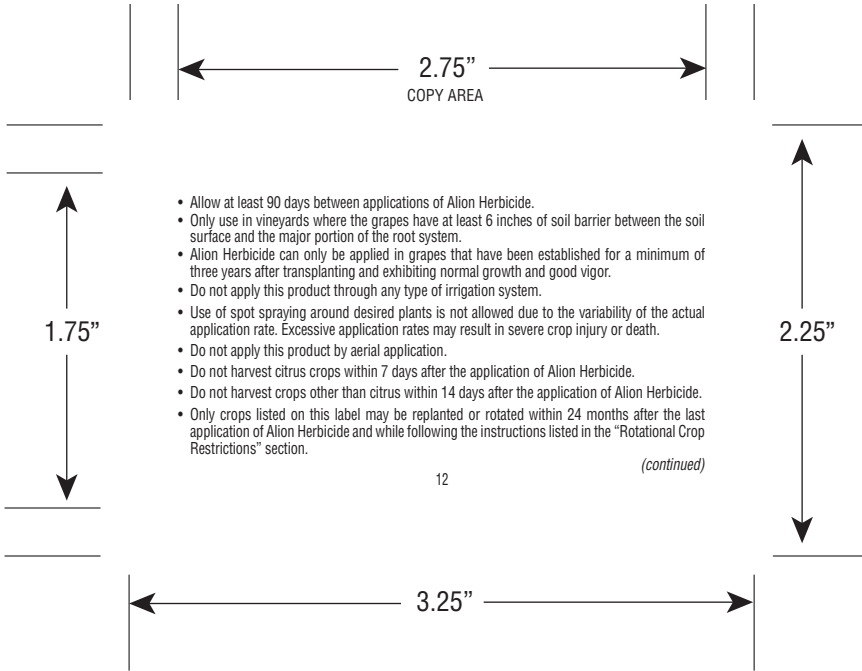


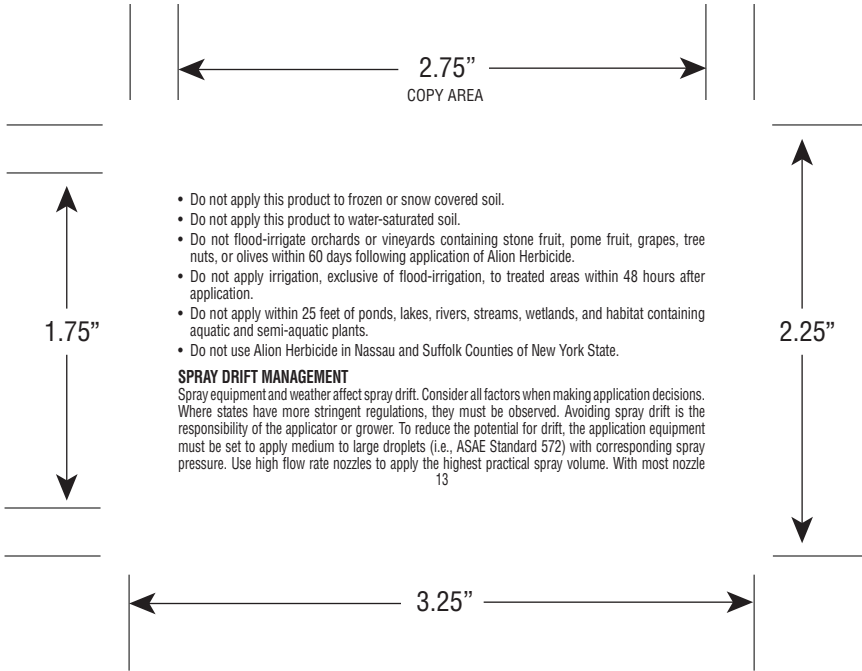


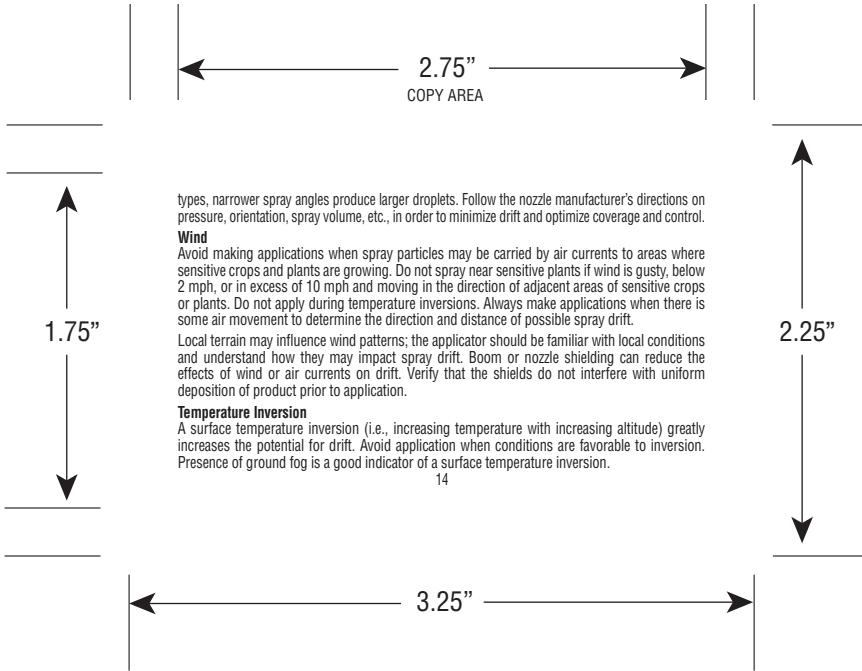


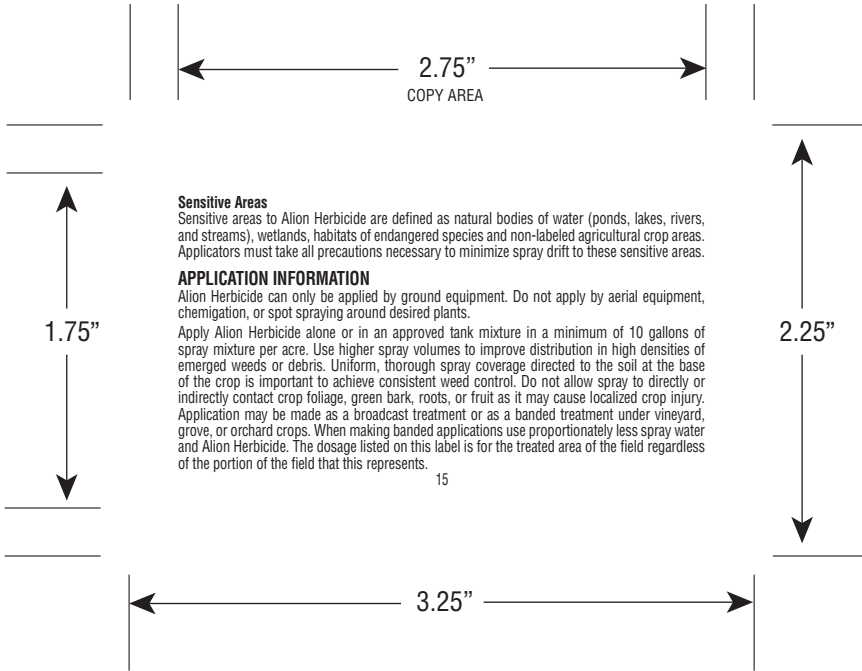


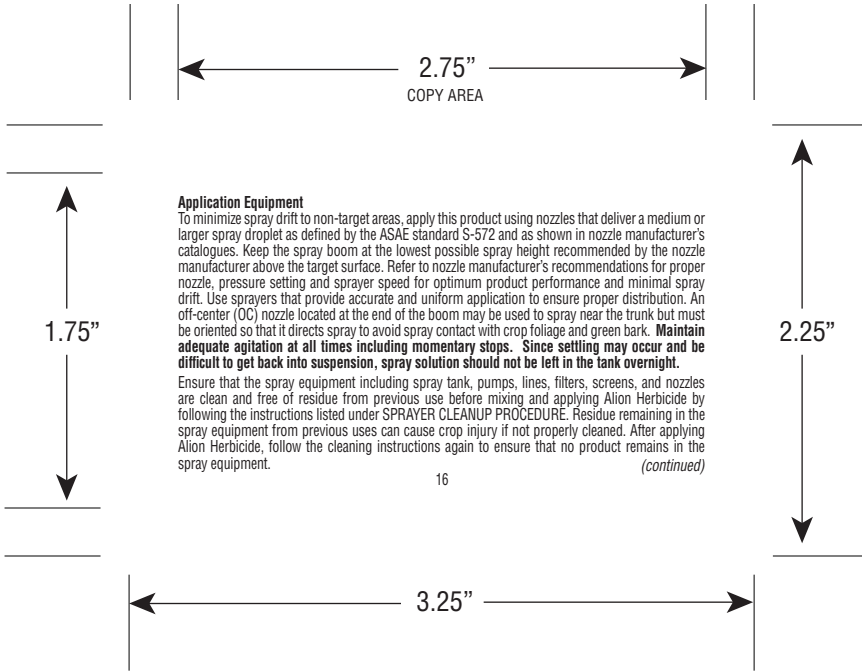
- Alion Herbicide can only be applied in labeled tree nut crops (except pecan) that have been established for a minimum of one year after transplanting and exhibiting normal growth and good vigor.
- Alion Herbicide can only be applied in labeled pome and stone fruit, pecan, and olive that have been established for a minimum of three years after transplanting and exhibiting normal growth and good vigor.
- Do not use on soils with 20% or more gravel content. To determine gravel content do not remove gravel from soil samples before sending the samples for soil texture analysis, and request that gravel content be included in the analysis. The gravel content (greater than 2 mm or 0.079 inches in size, US standard sieve size 10) is defined as total percent gravel by weight before conducting soil texture analysis.
- Determine soil organic matter content (%OM) of specific orchards, vineyards, and groves by having soil core samples to a minimum depth of 6 inches of soil analyzed.
- Do not apply more than the amount of Alion Herbicide specified per application and per year or in a 12 month period on this label based on soil texture, percent organic matter content, application site, and crop.

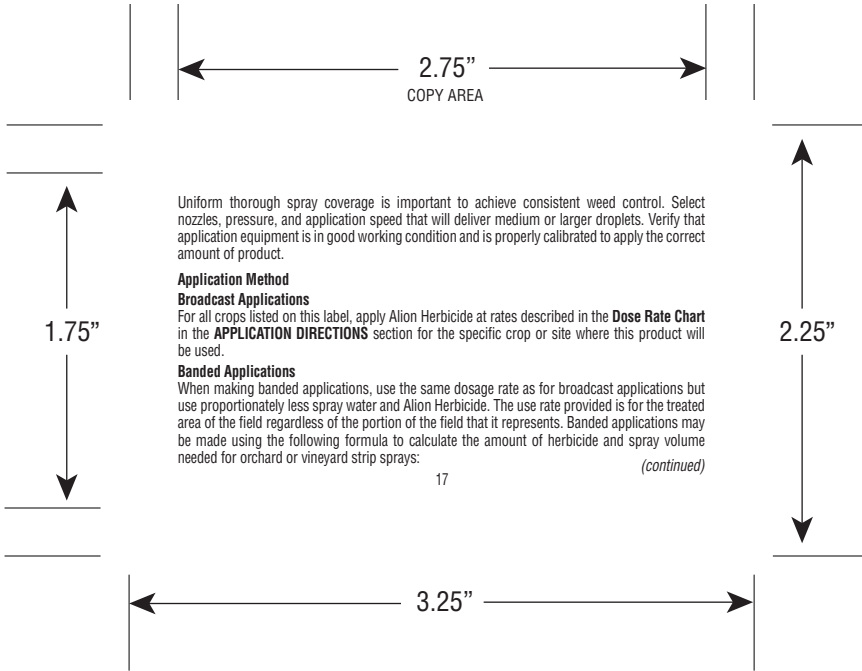












Uniform thorough spray coverage is important to achieve consistent weed control. Select nozzles, pressure, and application speed that will deliver medium or larger droplets. Verify that application equipment is in good working condition and is properly calibrated to apply the correct amount of product.

Application Method

Broadcast Applications

For all crops listed on this label, apply Alion Herbicide at rates described in the **Dose Rate Chart** in the **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS** section for the specific crop or site where this product will be used.

Banded Applications

When making banded applications, use the same dosage rate as for broadcast applications but use proportionately less spray water and Alion Herbicide. The use rate provided is for the treated area of the field regardless of the portion of the field that it represents. Banded applications may be made using the following formula to calculate the amount of herbicide and spray volume needed for orchard or vineyard strip sprays:

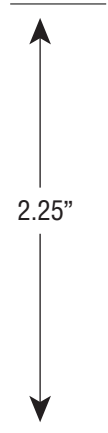
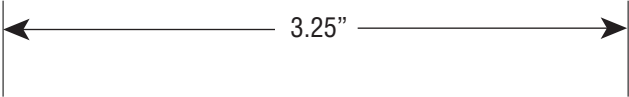


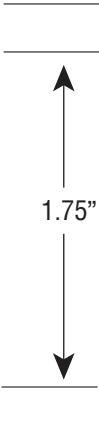
$\frac{\text{Treated Band width in Inches}}{\text{Row width in Inches}}$	X	HERBICIDE Rate per Treated Acre	=	Amount of HERBICIDE needed for treatment
$\frac{\text{Treated Band width in Inches}}{\text{Row width in Inches}}$	X	SPRAY VOLUME per Treated Acre	=	Amount of Spray Volume needed for treatment

Tank Mix Instructions

Alion Herbicide may be mixed with and applied in combination with most commonly used pesticides registered for use in the approved crops to expand the spectrum of weed control. Alion Herbicide will generally provide little or no control of weeds that are already emerged or established at the time of application. When weeds are emerged at application, the addition of a labeled foliar active herbicide such as Rely® 280 Herbicide is needed. Only use products that are approved for use in the crop to which the tank mixture is to be applied.

If Alion Herbicide is to be tank mixed with liquid fertilizers, other pesticides, or additives, compatibility should be tested prior to mixing. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 qt) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio and mixing order as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this





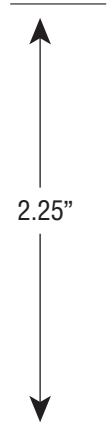
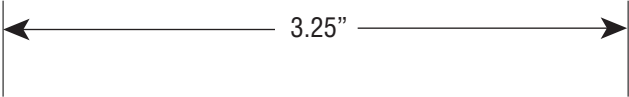
mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually appear 5-15 minutes after mixing. Read and follow the label of each tank mix partner used with Alion Herbicide for all precautionary statements, directions for use, geographic and other restrictions. When tank mixing products with different restrictions, follow the directions of the most restricted label.

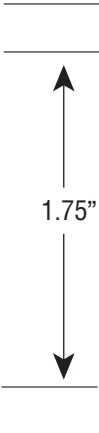
Mixing Instructions

Ensure that the application equipment has been thoroughly cleaned from previous use before using to apply Alion Herbicide. Follow the steps as follows:

- Shake container well to ensure that the product is thoroughly suspended prior to measuring in case some settling has occurred during shipping or storage.
- Fill the spray tank with 1/2 of the required volume of water prior to the addition of Alion Herbicide.
- With the pump and agitator running, add the proper amount of Alion Herbicide first.
- Once the Alion Herbicide is completely dispersed, add any other pesticides, fertilizers or additives if they are to be applied with Alion Herbicide.
- Add the rest of the water to the desired volume while maintaining sufficient agitating.

Continue agitation while mixing and during application to ensure a uniform spray mixture.



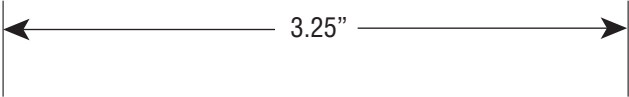
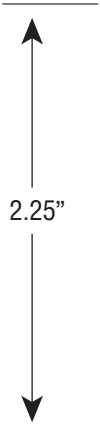


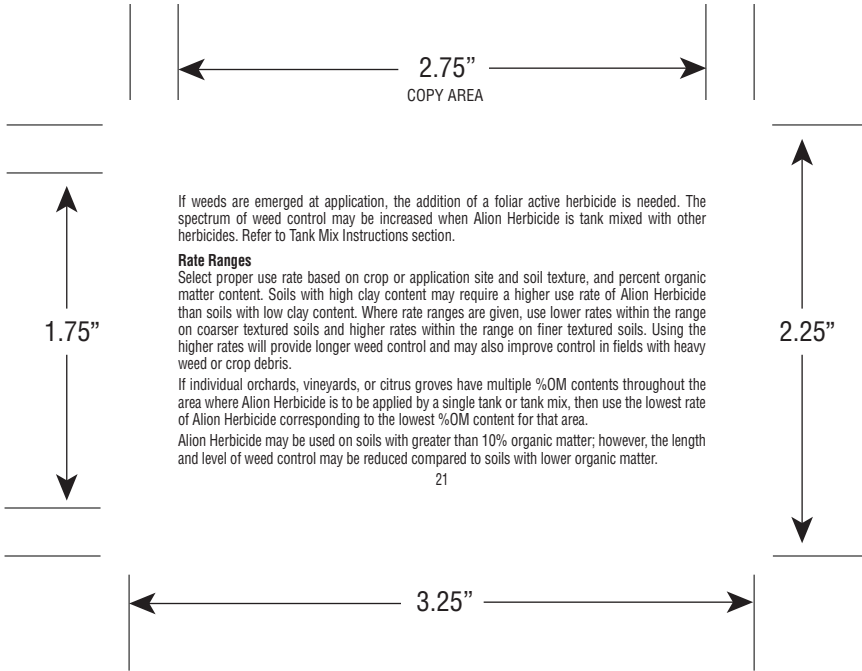
Re-suspending SC Products in Spray Solution: Like other suspension concentrates (SCs), Alion Herbicide will settle if left standing without agitation. Reagitate the spray solution for a minimum of 10 minutes before application.

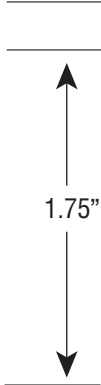
Weed Control
Alion Herbicide provides residual control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds when applied prior to germination. Best weed control is obtained when Alion Herbicide is applied to a dry soil surface followed by 48 hours without irrigation or rain, and then followed by adequate moisture from rain or an irrigation event within 21 days and prior to weed seed germination and adequate rain or irrigation is received soon after application and prior to weed germination. Supplemental irrigation may be applied following application to improve weed control.

The weed control activity may be reduced if the application is made to dense weed vegetation or to soil covered in heavy crop or weed debris that prevents a uniform distribution of the product reaching the soil. Removing the debris and / or controlling the existing weeds prior to applying Alion Herbicide may improve weed control. In very dense stands of living weeds, an application of a foliar active herbicide first then followed 3-6 weeks later with the application of Alion Herbicide is recommended for improved performance.

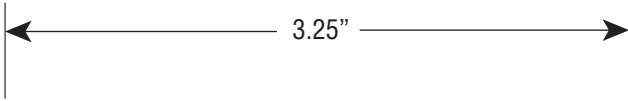
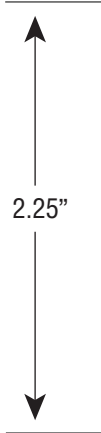
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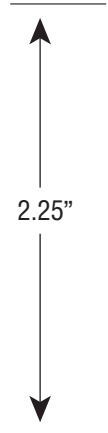
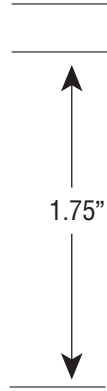




Weeds Controlled by 3.5 to 6.5 Fl oz/Ac Alion Herbicide			
Broadleaves			
Common Name	Genus/Species	Common Name	Genus/Species
Buckwheat, wild *	<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>	Groundsel, common	<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>
Burclover, California *	<i>Medicago polymorpha</i>	Henbit *	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>
Carpetweed	<i>Mollugo verticillata</i>	Horseweed / Marestalk	<i>Erigeron canadensis</i>
Chickweed, common	<i>Stellaria media</i>	Knotweed, prostrate *	<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>
Cudweed, purple	<i>Gnaphalium purpureum</i>	Kochia	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>
Dandelion, common (seedling)	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	Lambsquarters, common **	<i>Chenopodium album</i>
Eveningprimrose, cutleaf *	<i>Oenothera laciniosa</i>	Mallow, little/ Cheeseweed	<i>Malva parviflora</i>
Filaree, redstem / Storksbill	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Mustard, wild	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>
Fleabane, hairy	<i>Erigeron bonariensis</i>	Pigweed, prostrate	<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i>

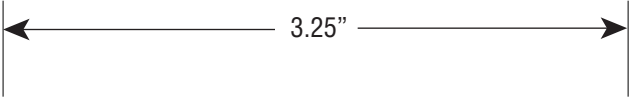


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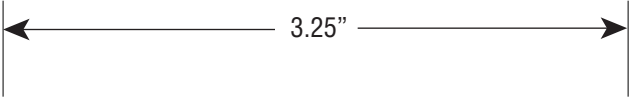
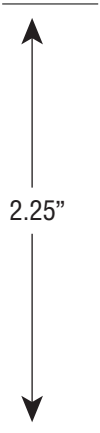
Weeds Controlled by 3.5 to 6.5 Fl oz/Ac Alion Herbicide			
<i>Broadleaves (continued)</i>			
Common Name	Genus/Species	Common Name	Genus/Species
Pigweed, redroot	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	Sowthistle, annual	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
Purslane, common	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>	Sunflower, common *	<i>Helianthus annuus</i>
Pusley, Florida	<i>Richardia scabra</i>	Swinecress	<i>Coronopus didymus</i>
Ragweed, common *	<i>Ambrosia elatior</i>	Thistle, Russian	<i>Salsola kali</i>
Redmaids	<i>Calandrinia caulescens</i>	Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
Shepherd's-purse	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Willowherb, panicle	<i>Epilobium brachycarpum</i>

* Denotes partial control of these weeds
 ** Consistent control dependent on timely activation by rain or irrigation
 *** Seedling control only





Weeds Controlled by 3.5 to 6.5 Fl oz/Ac Alion Herbicide			
Grasses			
Common Name	Genus/Species	Common Name	Genus/Species
Barley, mouse	<i>Hordeum murinum</i>	Foxtail, giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>
Barnyardgrass, common	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	Foxtail, green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>
Bluegrass, annual	<i>Poa annua</i>	Foxtail, yellow	<i>Pennisetum glaucum</i>
Brome, foxtail	<i>Bromus rubens</i>	Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>
Cheat	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>	Lovegrass, tufted	<i>Eragrostis pectinacea</i>
Crabgrass, large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	Fyegrass, Italian (annual)	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>



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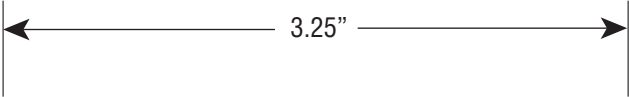
3.25"

Weeds Controlled by 5.0 to 6.5 Fl oz/Ac Alion Herbicide			
Broadleaves			
Common Name	Genus/Species	Common Name	Genus/Species
Amaranth, spiny	<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i>	Geranium, Carolina	<i>Geranium carolinianum</i>
Buttercup, corn *	<i>Ranunculus arvensis</i>	Lettuce, prickly *	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>
Catsear, spotted ***	<i>Hypochoeris radicata</i>	Mallow, common *	<i>Malva neglecta</i>
Celery, wild *	<i>Apium leptophyllum</i>	Morningglory, ivyleaf *	<i>Ipomoea hederacea</i>
Chickweed, mouse-ear	<i>Cerastium vulgatum</i>	Morningglory, pitted	<i>Ipomoea lacunosa</i>
Clover, crimson ***	<i>Trifolium incarnatum</i>	Mustard, black	<i>Brassica nigra</i>
Clover, red *	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Nettle, stinging	<i>Urtica dioica</i>
Clover, white ***	<i>Trifolium repens</i>	Pigweed, smooth	<i>Amaranthus hybridus</i>
Fiddleneck, coast	<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>	Plantain, buckhorn	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>
Filaree, whitestem	<i>Erodium moschatum</i>	Prickly sida / Teaweed	<i>Sida spinosa</i>



Weeds Controlled by 5.0 to 6.5 Fl oz/Ac Alion Herbicide			
Broadleaves (continued)			
Common Name	Genus/Species	Common Name	Genus/Species
Purslane, horse	<i>Trianthema portulacastrum</i>	Spanishneedles *	<i>Bidens bipinnata</i>
Rocket, London	<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>	Spurge, prostrate	<i>Euphorbia supina</i>
Sesbania, hemp / Coffeebean	<i>Sesbania exaltata</i>	Spurge, spotted	<i>Euphorbia maculata</i>
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	<i>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</i>	Spurry, com	<i>Spergula arvensis</i>
Smellmelon	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	Vetch, purple	<i>Vicia benghalensis</i>
Sorrel, red *	<i>Rumex acetosella</i>	Woodsorrel, common yellow *	<i>Oxalis stricta</i>
Sowthistle, spiny	<i>Sonchus asper</i>	Woodsorrel, Florida yellow	<i>Oxalis florida</i>

* Denotes partial control of these weeds
 ** Consistent control dependent on timely activation by rain or irrigation
 *** Seedling control only



← 2.75" →
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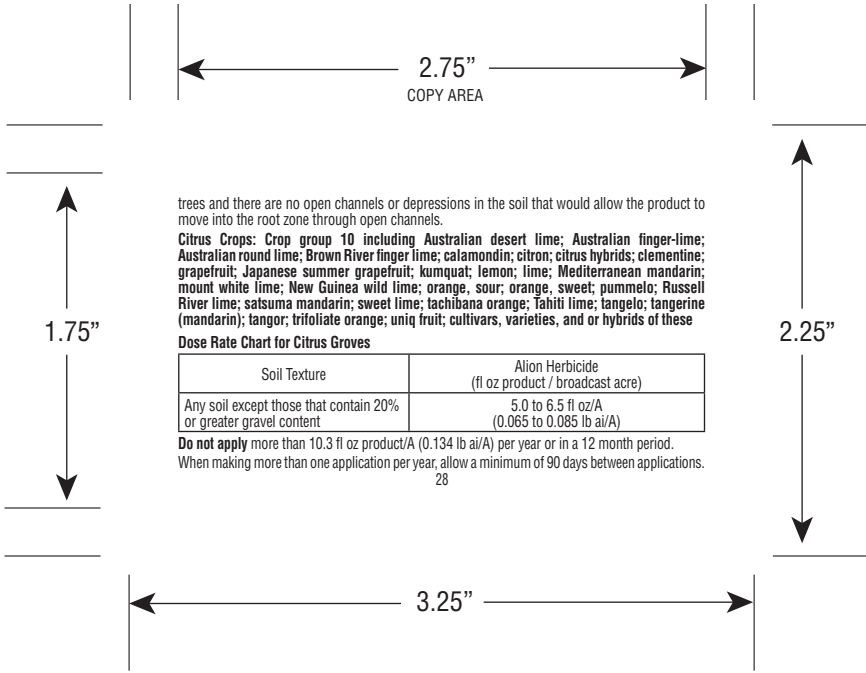
↑ 1.75" ↓

Weeds Controlled by 5.0 to 6.5 Fl oz/Ac Alion Herbicide			
Grasses			
Common Name	Genus/Species	Common Name	Genus/Species
Brome, downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	Oat, wild	<i>Avena fatua</i>
Bromegrass, ripgut	<i>Bromus rigidus</i>	Panicum, fall	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>
Crabgrass, smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	Panicum, Texas *	<i>Panicum texanum</i>
Cupgrass, southwestern	<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>	Signalgrass, broadleaf	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>
Guineagrass	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	Sprangletop, bearded	<i>Leptochloa fascicularis</i>
Junglerice	<i>Echinochloa colonum</i>	Sprangletop, Mexican	<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>
Millet, wild proso	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>		

* Denotes partial control of these weeds
APPLICATION DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN CITRUS GROVES
 Only apply Alion Herbicide in citrus groves where the soil has completely settled around citrus
 (continued)

↑ 2.25" ↓

← 3.25" →



2.75"
COPY AREA

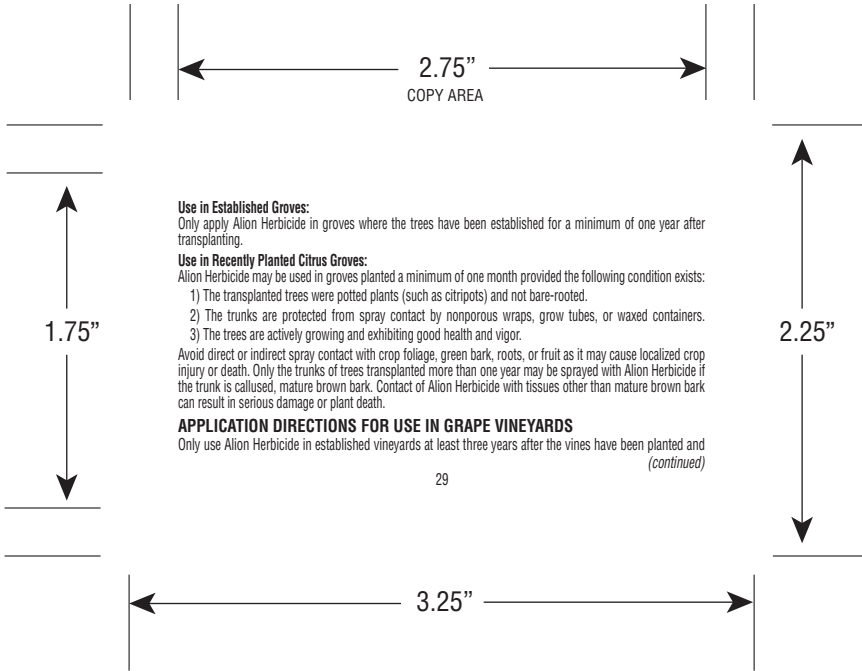
trees and there are no open channels or depressions in the soil that would allow the product to move into the root zone through open channels.

Citrus Crops: Crop group 10 including Australian desert lime; Australian finger-lime; Australian round lime; Brown River finger lime; calamondin; citron; citrus hybrids; clementine; grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; Mediterranean mandarin; mount white lime; New Guinea wild lime; orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; Russell River lime; satsuma mandarin; sweet lime; tachibana orange; Tahiti lime; tangelo; tangerine (mandarin); tangor; trifoliolate orange; unqi fruit; cultivars, varieties, and or hybrids of these

Dose Rate Chart for Citrus Groves

Soil Texture	Alion Herbicide (fl oz product / broadcast acre)
Any soil except those that contain 20% or greater gravel content	5.0 to 6.5 fl oz/A (0.065 to 0.085 lb ai/A)

Do not apply more than 10.3 fl oz product/A (0.134 lb ai/A) per year or in a 12 month period. When making more than one application per year, allow a minimum of 90 days between applications.



Use in Established Groves:

Only apply Alion Herbicide in groves where the trees have been established for a minimum of one year after transplanting.

Use in Recently Planted Citrus Groves:

Alion Herbicide may be used in groves planted a minimum of one month provided the following condition exists:

- 1) The transplanted trees were potted plants (such as citripots) and not bare-rooted.
- 2) The trunks are protected from spray contact by nonporous wraps, grow tubes, or waxed containers.
- 3) The trees are actively growing and exhibiting good health and vigor.

Avoid direct or indirect spray contact with crop foliage, green bark, roots, or fruit as it may cause localized crop injury or death. Only the trunks of trees transplanted more than one year may be sprayed with Alion Herbicide if the trunk is callused, mature brown bark. Contact of Alion Herbicide with tissues other than mature brown bark can result in serious damage or plant death.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN GRAPE VINEYARDS

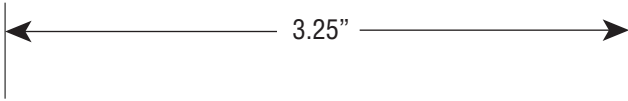
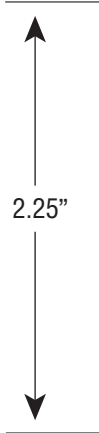
Only use Alion Herbicide in established vineyards at least three years after the vines have been planted and
(continued)

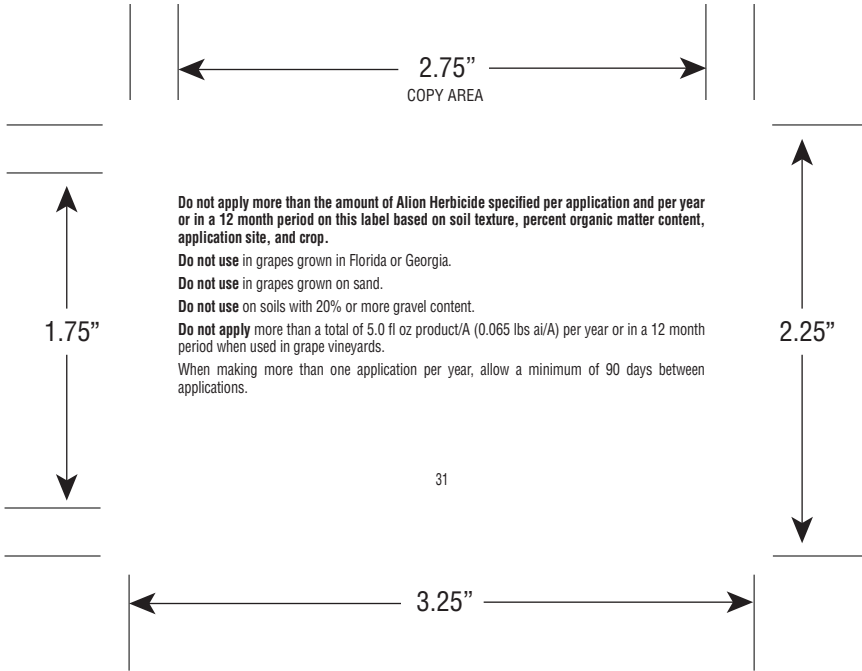


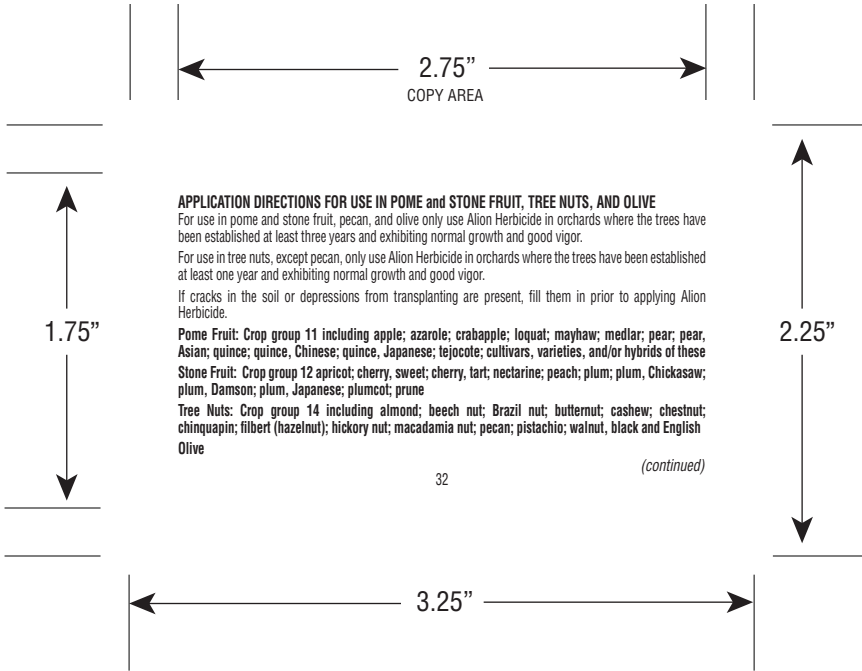
exhibiting normal growth and good vigor. Ensure that the grapes have 6 inches of soil barrier between the soil surface and the major portion of the root system prior to using Alion Herbicide or injury may occur.

Dose Rate Chart for Grape Vineyards

Soil Texture	Alion Herbicide (fl oz product / broadcast acre)			Minimum Vine Age
Sand	Do Not Use			
Any other soil except those that contain 20% or greater gravel content	Soil Percent Organic Matter Content	Rate Per Application	Max Rate Per Year	3 years
	%	fl oz/A	fl oz/A	
	<1	3.5 (0.045 lb ai/A)	5.0 (0.065 lb ai/A)	
≥1	5 (0.065 lb ai/A)	5 (0.065 lb ai/A)		







2.75"
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Dose Rate Chart for Pome and Stone Fruit, Tree Nuts, and Olive

Soil Texture	Alion Herbicide (fl oz product / broadcast acre)			
Any soil except those that contain 20% or greater gravel content	Soil Percent Organic Matter Content	Rate Per Application	Max Rate Per Year	Minimum Days Between Applications
	%	fl oz/A	fl oz/A	Days
	<1	3.5 (0.045 lb ai/A)	7 (0.091 lb ai/A)	90
	1 to 3	3.5 to 5.0 (0.045 to 0.065 lb ai/A)	8.5 (0.11 lb ai/A)	
> 3	5.0 to 6.5 (0.065 to 0.085 lb ai/A)	10.3 (0.134 lb ai/A)		

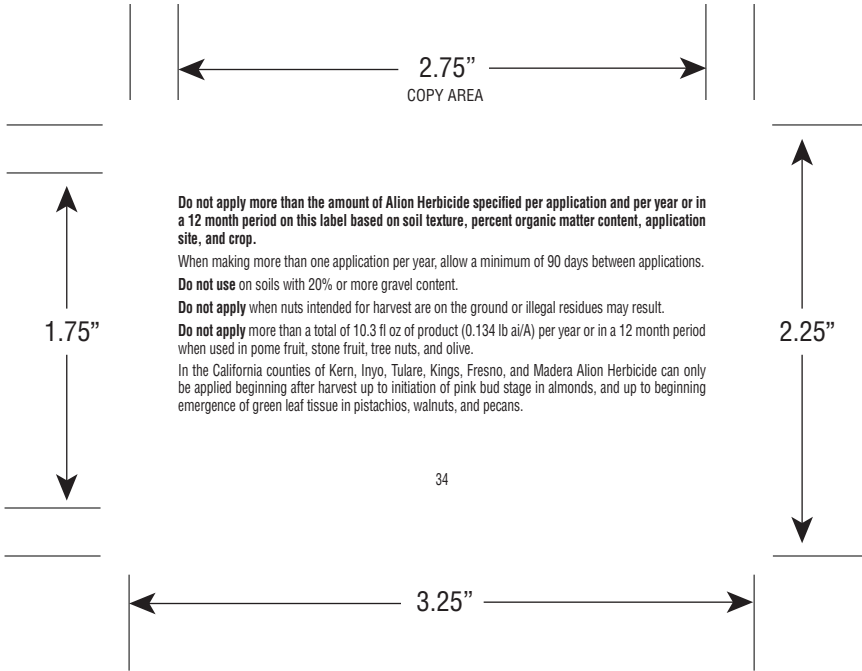
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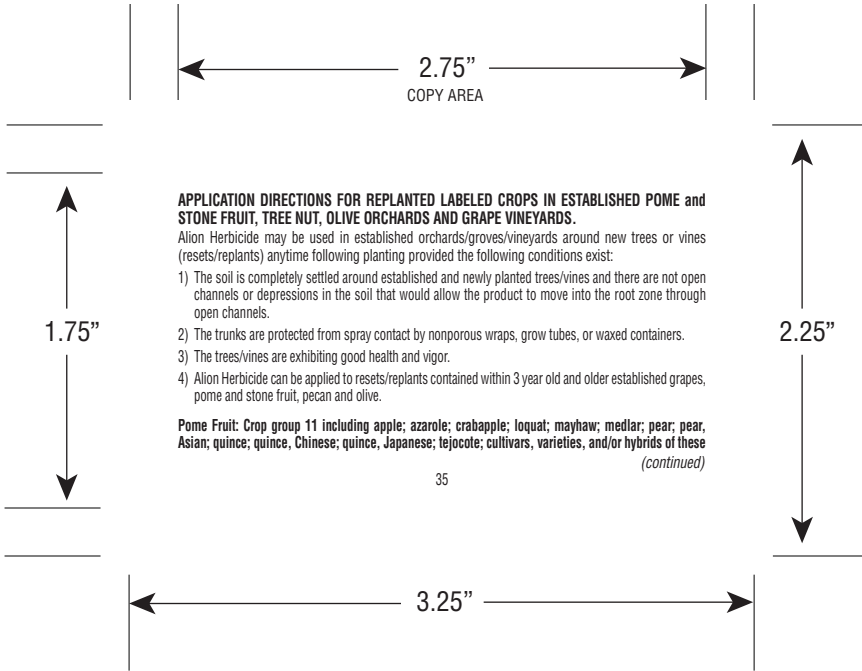
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3.25"



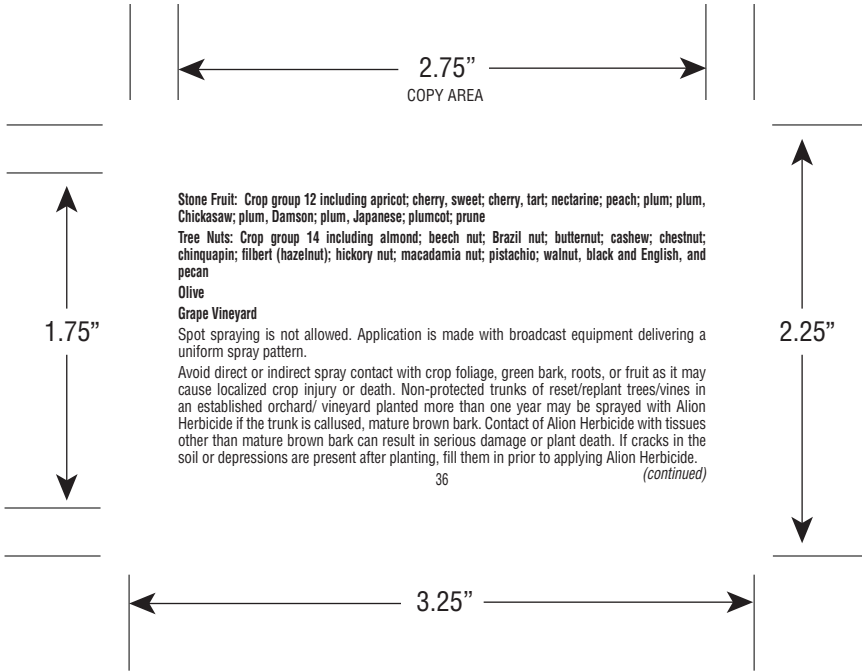


APPLICATION DIRECTIONS FOR REPLANTED LABELED CROPS IN ESTABLISHED POME and STONE FRUIT, TREE NUT, OLIVE ORCHARDS AND GRAPE VINEYARDS.

Alion Herbicide may be used in established orchards/groves/vineyards around new trees or vines (resets/replants) anytime following planting provided the following conditions exist:

- 1) The soil is completely settled around established and newly planted trees/vines and there are not open channels or depressions in the soil that would allow the product to move into the root zone through open channels.
- 2) The trunks are protected from spray contact by nonporous wraps, grow tubes, or waxed containers.
- 3) The trees/vines are exhibiting good health and vigor.
- 4) Alion Herbicide can be applied to resets/replants contained within 3 year old and older established grapes, pome and stone fruit, pecan and olive.

Pome Fruit: Crop group 11 including apple; azarole; crabapple; loquat; mayhaw; medlar; pear; pear, Asian; quince; quince, Chinese; quince, Japanese; tejocote; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these
(continued)



Stone Fruit: Crop group 12 including apricot; cherry, sweet; cherry, tart; nectarine; peach; plum; plum, Chickasaw; plum, Damson; plum, Japanese; plumcot; prune

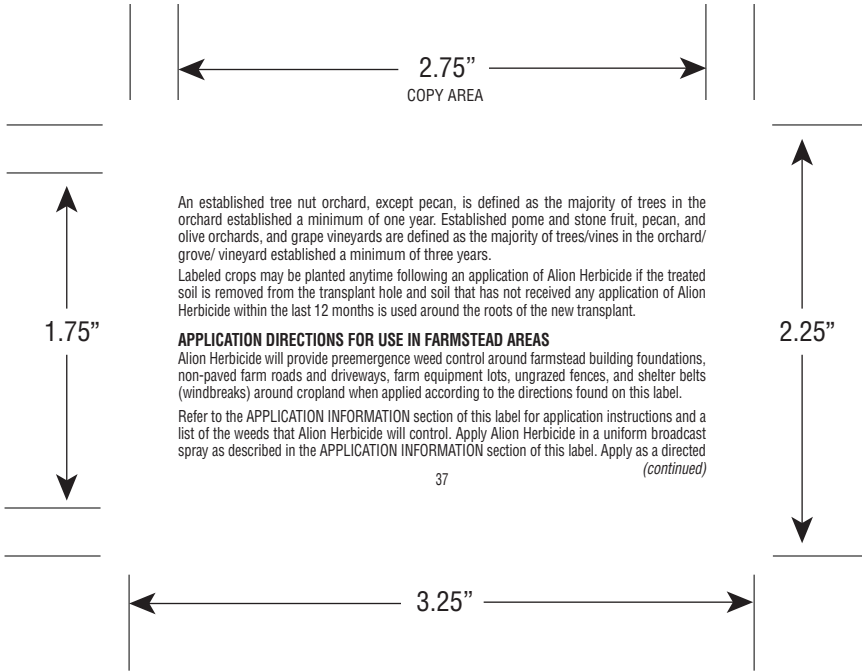
Tree Nuts: Crop group 14 including almond; beech nut; Brazil nut; butternut; cashew; chestnut; chinquapin; filbert (hazelnut); hickory nut; macadamia nut; pistachio; walnut, black and English, and pecan

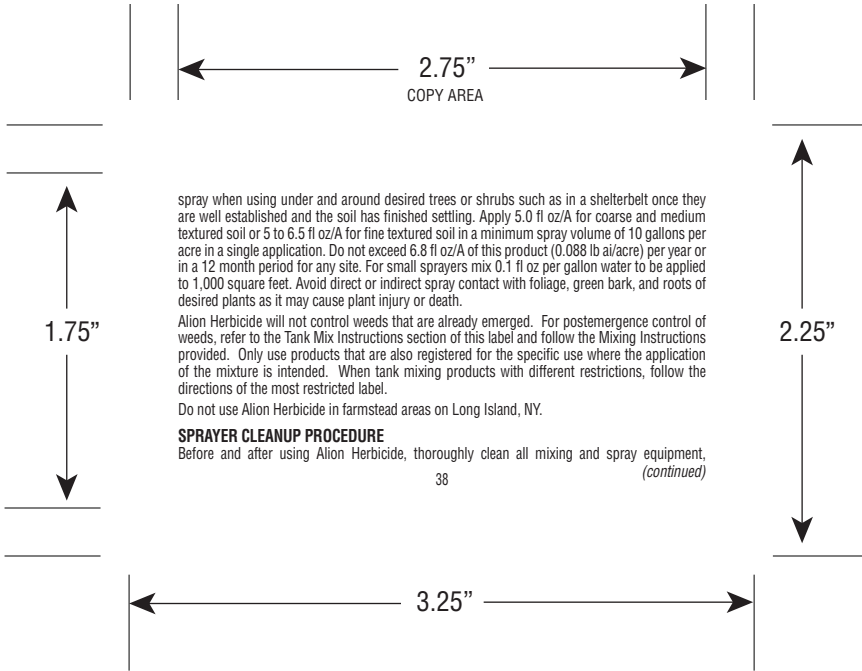
Olive

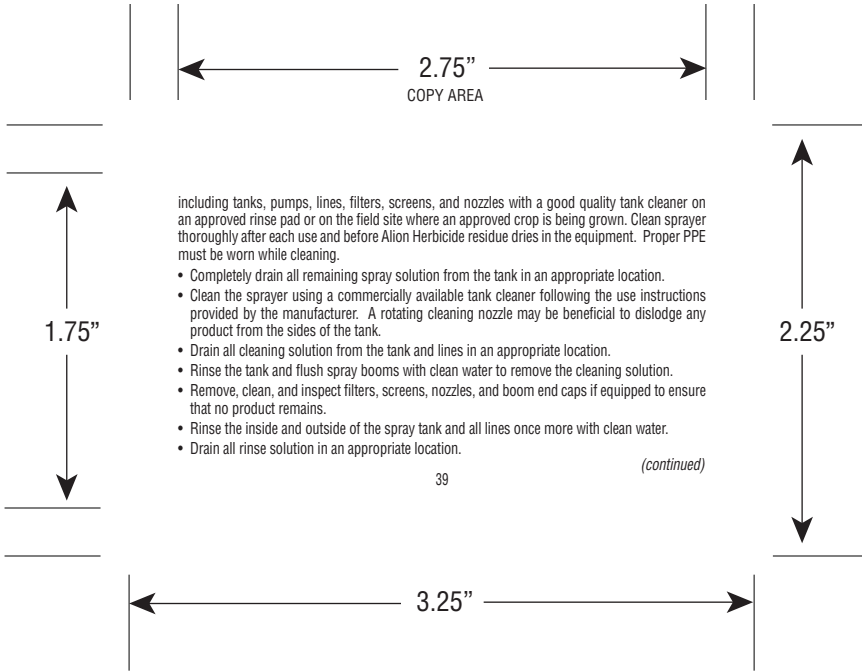
Grape Vineyard

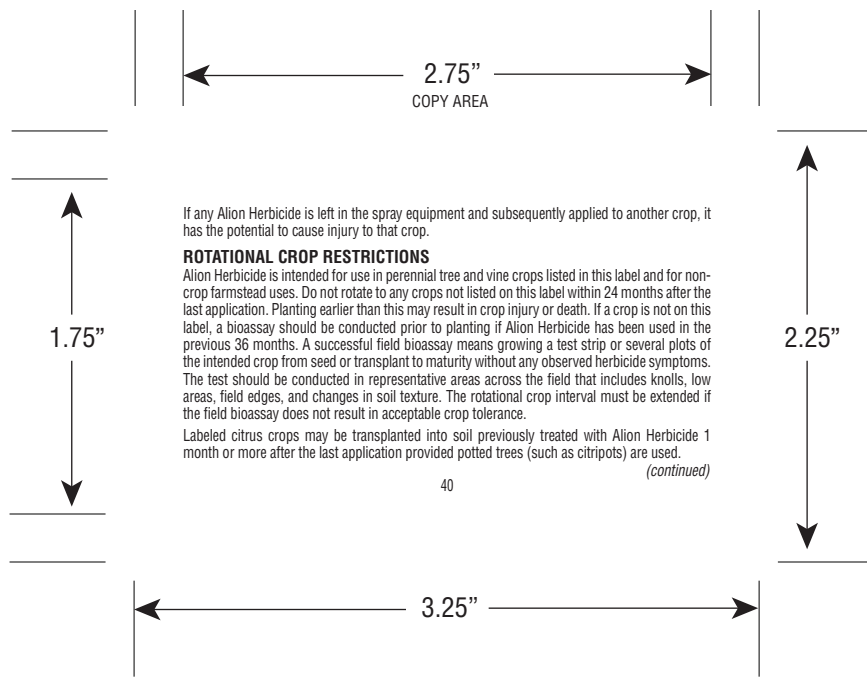
Spot spraying is not allowed. Application is made with broadcast equipment delivering a uniform spray pattern.

Avoid direct or indirect spray contact with crop foliage, green bark, roots, or fruit as it may cause localized crop injury or death. Non-protected trunks of reset/replant trees/vines in an established orchard/ vineyard planted more than one year may be sprayed with Alion Herbicide if the trunk is callused, mature brown bark. Contact of Alion Herbicide with tissues other than mature brown bark can result in serious damage or plant death. If cracks in the soil or depressions are present after planting, fill them in prior to applying Alion Herbicide.









2.75"
COPY AREA

1.75"

2.25"

3.25"

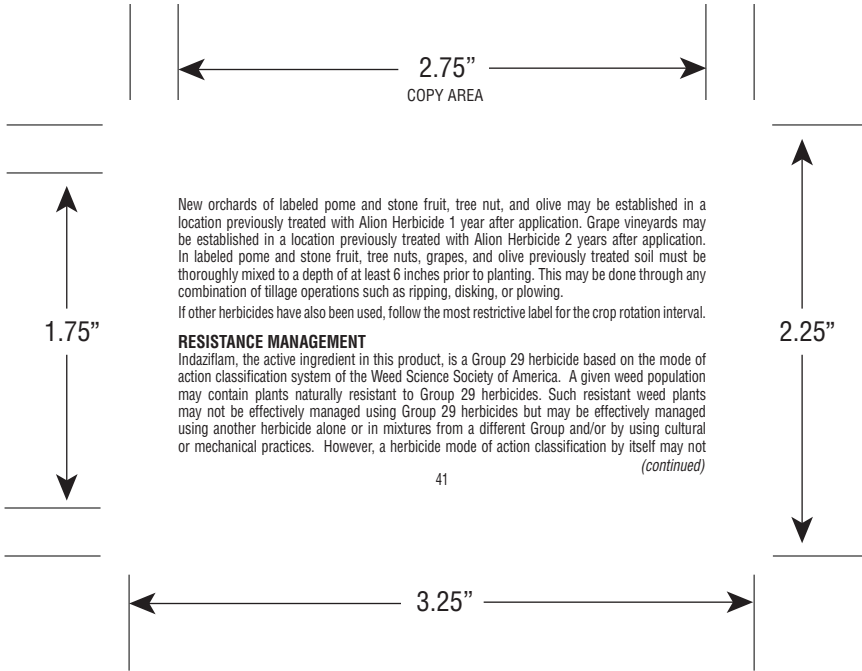
If any Alion Herbicide is left in the spray equipment and subsequently applied to another crop, it has the potential to cause injury to that crop.

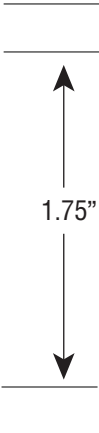
ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

Alion Herbicide is intended for use in perennial tree and vine crops listed in this label and for non-crop farmstead uses. Do not rotate to any crops not listed on this label within 24 months after the last application. Planting earlier than this may result in crop injury or death. If a crop is not on this label, a bioassay should be conducted prior to planting if Alion Herbicide has been used in the previous 36 months. A successful field bioassay means growing a test strip or several plots of the intended crop from seed or transplant to maturity without any observed herbicide symptoms. The test should be conducted in representative areas across the field that includes knolls, low areas, field edges, and changes in soil texture. The rotational crop interval must be extended if the field bioassay does not result in acceptable crop tolerance.

Labeled citrus crops may be transplanted into soil previously treated with Alion Herbicide 1 month or more after the last application provided potted trees (such as citripots) are used.

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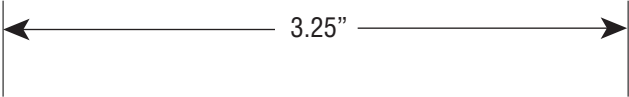
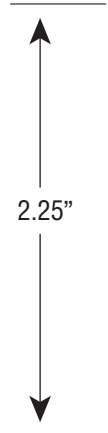


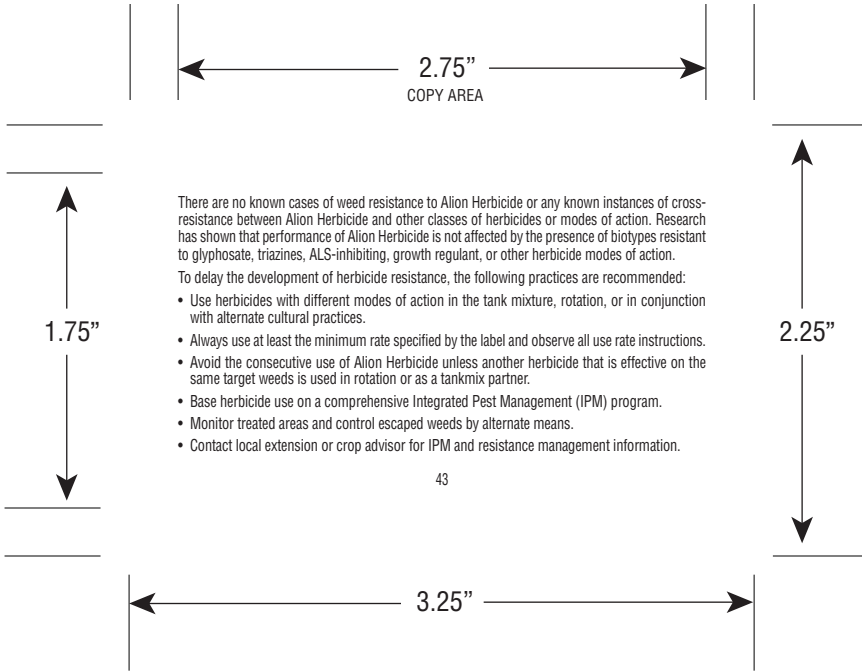
adequately address specific weeds that are resistant to specific herbicides. Consult your local company representative, state cooperative extension service, professional consultants, or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate actions for treating specific resistant weeds.

Best Management Practices

Proactively implementing diversified weed control strategies to minimize selection for weed populations resistant to herbicides is recommended. A diversified weed management program may include the use of multiple herbicides with different modes of action with overlapping weed control spectrum, tillage operations and/or other cultural practices that control weeds. Research has demonstrated that using the labeled rate and directions for use is important to delay the selection for resistance. Scouting after a herbicide application is important because it can facilitate the early identification of weed shifts and/or weed resistance and thus provide direction on future weed management practices. One of the best ways to contain resistant populations is to implement measures to avoid allowing weeds to reproduce by seed or to proliferate vegetatively. Cleaning equipment between sites and avoiding movement of plant material between sites will greatly aid in retarding the spread of resistant weed seed.

(continued)





2.75"

COPY AREA

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Protect the product from freezing temperatures. Store the product at temperatures above 32°F and preferably above 40°F.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Rigid, Non-refillable containers small enough to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons)

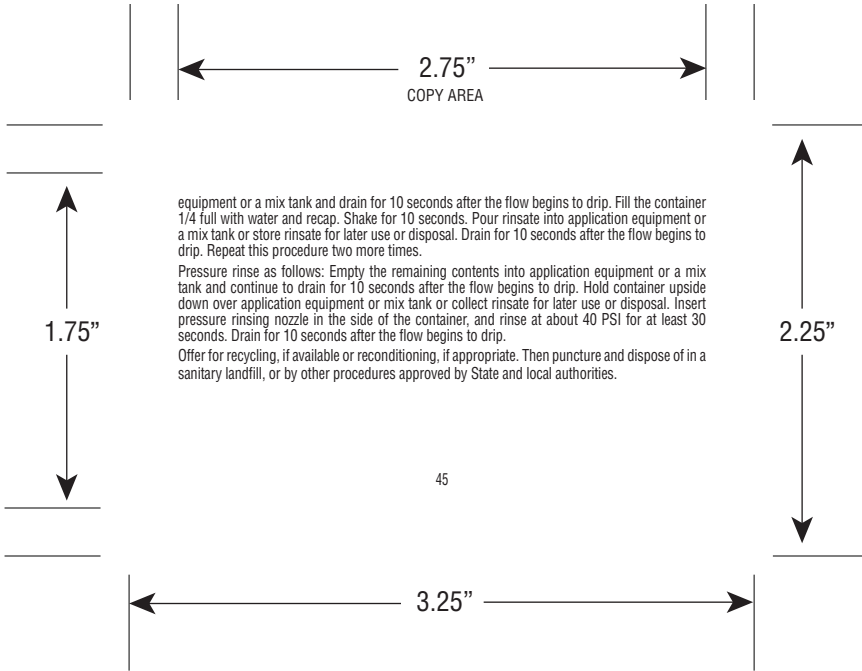
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application

(continued)

1.75"

2.25"

3.25"



2.75"

COPY AREA

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience LP. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF

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2.25"

3.25"

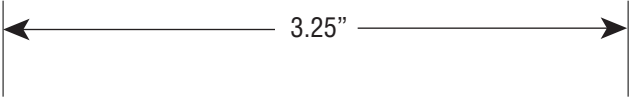
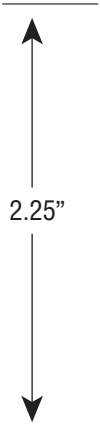


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Rely® is a registered trademark of Bayer.

Bayer



BASE LABEL

.8125"

2.875"

.5625"

COPY AREA

NET CONTENTS: 1 QT. (32 FL. OZ.)

2"

2.25"

4.25"

ALION® Herbicide

GROUP 29 HERBICIDE

For Preemergent Weed Control in Citrus Fruit, Grapes, Stone Fruit, Pome Fruit, Tree Nuts, and Olives.

For **MEDICAL** and **TRANSPORTATION** Emergencies
ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577
For **PRODUCT USE** Information Call
1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Indaziflam* 19.05%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 80.95%

TOTAL: 100.00%

Contains 1.67 pounds of indaziflam per gallon.
*(CAS No. 730979-19-8)

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use on label.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing mist.

EPA Reg. No. 264-1106

Bayer CropScience LP
P.O. Box 12014, 2 T.W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709
US84467332D 160909D 09/16

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**