

**Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc.**  
**Post Office Box 18300**  
**Greensboro, NC 27419**

**In Case of Emergency, Call**  
**1-800-888-8372**

**1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Product Name: **BRAVO ULTREX** Product No.: A12836A  
 EPA Signal Word: Danger  
 Active Ingredient(%): Chlorothalonil (82.5%) CAS No.: 1897-45-6  
 Chemical Name: Tetrachloroisophthalonitrile  
 Chemical Class: Chlorinated Benzonitrile Fungicide  
 EPA Registration Number(s): 50534-201-100 **Section(s) Revised: 3**

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## Health and Environmental

Causes serious eye damage. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes mild skin irritation.

## Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

## Physical Properties

Appearance: Brown granules

Odor: Slight

## Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards

During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Material	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other	NTP/IARC/OSHA Carcinogen
Kaolin Clay	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (total); 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (respirable)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (respirable)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (total); 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (respirable) **	No
Chlorothalonil (82.5%)	Not Established	Not Established	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA ***	IARC Group 2B

\*\* recommended by NIOSH

\*\*\* Syngenta Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL)

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

Syngenta Hazard Category: C, S

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you when calling Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Ingestion: If swallowed: Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have the person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so

after calling 800-888-8372 or by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

- Eye Contact: If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- Skin Contact: If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- Inhalation: If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

#### Notes to Physician

There is no specific antidote if this product is ingested.

Treat symptomatically.

Persons suffering a temporary allergic reaction may respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

#### Medical Condition Likely to be Aggravated by Exposure

None known.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### Fire and Explosion

Flash Point (Test Method):	Not Applicable	
Flammable Limits (% in Air):	Lower: Not Applicable	Upper: Not Applicable
Autoignition Temperature:	Not Applicable	
Flammability:	Not Applicable	

### Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards

During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

### In Case of Fire

Use dry chemical, foam or CO<sub>2</sub> extinguishing media. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. If water is used to fight fire, dike and collect runoff.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### In Case of Spill or Leak

Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent from spreading or contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions outlined in Section 8. Sweep up material and place in a compatible disposal container. Scrub area with hard water detergent (e.g. commercial products such as Tide, Joy, Spic and Span). Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place into compatible disposal container. Once all material is cleaned up and placed in a disposal container, seal container and arrange for disposition.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store the material in a well-ventilated, secure area out of reach of children and domestic animals. Do not store food, beverages or tobacco products in the storage area. Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco use, and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION AND PACKAGING OF THIS PRODUCT.**

**FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.**

- Ingestion: Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco usage and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
- Eye Contact: Where eye contact is likely, use dust-proof chemical goggles. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.
- Skin Contact: Where contact is likely, wear chemical-resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride [PVC] or Viton), coveralls, socks and chemical-resistant footwear.
- Inhalation: A particulate filter respirator may be necessary until effective engineering controls are installed to comply with occupational exposure limits. Use a NIOSH approved respirator with any HE filter.

Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in cases of emergency spills, when exposure levels are unknown, or under any circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Brown granules
Odor:	Slight
Melting Point:	482 °F
Boiling Point:	> 662 °F
Specific Gravity/Density:	0.74 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
pH:	8 - 10
Solubility in H <sub>2</sub> O	
Chlorothalonil:	0.81mg/l @ 77°F (25°C)
Vapor Pressure	
Chlorothalonil:	5.7 x 10 <sup>(-7)</sup> mmHg @ 77°F (25°C)

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under normal use and storage conditions.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Material is not known to polymerize.
Conditions to Avoid:	None known.
Materials to Avoid:	None known.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	None known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute Toxicity/Irritation Studies (Finished Product)

Ingestion:	Oral (LD50 Rat) :	> 5000 mg/kg body weight
Dermal:	Dermal (LD50 Rabbit) :	> 2000 mg/kg body weight
Inhalation:	Inhalation (LC50 Rat) :	See "Other Toxicity Information", Sec. 11
Eye Contact:	Severely Irritating (Rabbit)	
Skin Contact:	Mild Irritant	
Skin Sensitization:	A skin sensitizer in animal tests.	

### Reproductive/Developmental Effects

Chlorothalonil: No evidence of adverse developmental effects in rabbit and rat studies.

### Chronic/Subchronic Toxicity Studies

Chlorothalonil: In dogs, 1 years administration caused a significant decrease in body weight gain and increases in absolute

liver and kidney weights.

Neurotoxicity: No evidence in regulatory studies.

#### Carcinogenicity

Chlorothalonil: No evidence of carcinogenicity in dogs after administration for up to one year. Treatment related increases in the incidence of renal tubular adenoma and carcinoma were observed in rats and male mice. Squamous cell adenomas and carcinomas were also observed in the forestomach of both species. The forestomach tumors seen in rodent studies are not relevant to human health, as humans do not possess an anatomical equivalent of the rodent forestomach. The relevance of renal tumors to human health is unclear, although metabolism data suggest that the dog, a species that is resistant to chlorothalonil-induced renal injury, may be more representative of humans than the rat. IARC identifies chlorothalonil as a 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans).

#### Other Toxicity Information

Studies on rats and mice have suggested that technical chlorothalonil (97%), when fed at high levels in the diet, may have oncogenic potential to these laboratory animals. However, neither chlorothalonil nor its metabolites interact with DNA and thus are not mutagenic. Tumor formation has been related to a non-genotoxic mechanism of action for which threshold levels have been established in rats and mice. Comprehensive dietary and worker exposure studies have shown exposure levels for humans to be well below these threshold levels. In addition, surveillance of chlorothalonil plant workers for over twenty years has not demonstrated any increase in oncogenic potential to humans.

May cause sensitization by skin contact. Exposure of the skin to chlorothalonil may result in weak contact dermatitis.

Rat studies using finely milled chlorothalonil material (98.2% pure) showed an LC50 of 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (0.1 mg/l). At all exposure concentrations there were clinical signs of respiratory tract irritation. There was no evidence of systemic effects resulting from these tests. This data indicate that chlorothalonil, especially finely ground material, presents a significant acute inhalation hazard. However, it is unlikely to cause harmful effects when handled and used as directed on the label.

#### Toxicity of Other Components

##### Kaolin Clay

May cause eye and respiratory tract irritation.

Long-term exposure to high concentrations of this dust may produce x-ray evidence of dust in the lungs.

Continued long-term exposure may affect respiratory function in some individuals.

#### Target Organs

##### Active Ingredients

Chlorothalonil: Lung, eye, kidney

##### Inert Ingredients

Kaolin Clay: Eye, respiratory tract, lung

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Ecotoxicity Effects

##### Chlorothalonil:

Green Algae 5-day EC50 190 ppb

Bird (Mallard Duck) LD50 Oral > 4640 mg/kg

Invertebrate (Water Flea) 48-hour EC50 70 ppb

Fish (Rainbow Trout) 96-hour LC50 47 ppb

#### Environmental Fate

##### Chlorothalonil:

The information presented here is for the active ingredient, chlorothalonil.

Low bioaccumulation potential. Not persistent in soil or water. Low mobility in soil. Sinks in water (after 24 h).

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal

Do not reuse product containers. Dispose of product containers, waste containers, and residues according to local, state, and federal health and environmental regulations.

Characteristic Waste: Not Applicable

Listed Waste: Not Applicable

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT Classification

Ground Transport - NAFTA  
Not regulated.

B/L Freight Classification

Fungicides, NOI, Not Regulated

Comments

Water Transport - International  
Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, N.O.S. (Chlorothalonil), Marine Pollutant  
Class or Division: Class 9  
Identification Number: UN 3077  
Packing Group: PG III

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

EPCRA SARA Title III Classification

Section 311/312 Hazard Classes: Acute Health Hazard  
Chronic Health Hazard

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: Chlorothalonil (82.5%) (CAS No. 1897-45-6)

California Proposition 65

Not Applicable

CERCLA/SARA 302 Reportable Quantity (RQ)

None

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261)

Not Applicable

TSCA Status

Exempt from TSCA, subject to FIFRA

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA Hazard Ratings

Health: 3  
Flammability: 1  
Instability: 0

HMIS Hazard Ratings

Health: 3  
Flammability: 1  
Reactivity: 0

0	Minimal
1	Slight
2	Moderate
3	Serious
4	Extreme

For non-emergency questions about this product call:

1-800-334-9481

Original Issued Date: 10/24/2000

Revision Date: 10/5/2009

Replaces: 11/7/2008

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein.

End of MSDS